THE CARE ACT: SAN FRANCISCO'S IMPLEMENTATION

Presented by Judge Michael Isaku Begert Melanie Kushnir-Pappalardo, LCSW



SB 1338 - THE CARE ACT

COMMUNITY ASSISTANCE, RECOVERY, AND EMPOWERMENT ACT

Exhibit B

- San Francisco was one of seven California counties to pilot CARE Court on October 2, 2023
- ALL California counties must have an operational CARE Court by no later than December 31, 2024
- CARE Court is a Civil Court, NOT a Criminal Court

OBJECTIVE OF CARE COURT

Engage individuals with Schizophrenia and other Psychotic Disorders in treatment

WHO IS ELIGIBLE FOR CARE COURT?

*ADULTS 18 AND OVER
*DIAGNOSIS OF SCHIZOPHRENIA
SPECTRUM OR OTHER PSYCHOTIC
DISORDERS
*NOT CLINICALLY STABLE IN ON-GOING
VOLUNTARY TREATMENT

Exhibit B

AND... ONE OF THE FOLLOWING IS TRUE:

A. UNLIKELY TO SURVIVE SAFELY WITHOUT SUPERVISION AND SUBSTANTIALLY DETERIORATING

OR

B. IN NEED OF SERVICES TO PREVENT GRAVE DISABILITY OR SERIOUS HARM TO THEMSELVES OR OTHERS

CARE COURT IS NOT:

- *A CONSERVATORSHIP
- *A CRIMINAL COURT

CARE COURT IS:

*VOLUNTARY AND NON-PUNITIVE

HOW IS CARE COURT DIFFERENT FROM PRIOR APPROACHES?

*NO LOCKED FACILITIES OR FORCED MEDICATIONS

*MAY BE INITIATED BY FAMILY MEMBERS, ROOMMATES, FIRST RESPONDERS, AND OTHERS

CARE Conservatorship

	CARE Court	AOT	Conservatorship
Accepts referrals from hospital facilities	X	X	X
Accepts referrals from first responders	X		
Accepts referrals from family	X	X	
Accepts referrals from behavioral health providers	X	X	
Involuntary treatment			X
Requires grave disability criteria			X
Involuntary medication			X
Court ordered treatment	X	X	
Requires prior negative outcomes		X	
Allows for Respondent- identified Supporter to assist in the process	X		
			San Francisco

Department of Public Health

CARE COURT PARTNERS IN SAN FRANCISCO

EVERY CARE COURT PARTICIPANT HAS A CARE SUPPORTER OF THEIR CHOICE.

IF THE PARTICIPANT IS UNABLE OR DOES NOT WANT TO NAME A SUPPORTER, THE MENTAL HEALTH ASSOCIATION OF SAN FRANCISCO WILL SERVE IN THAT ROLE.

EVERY PARTICIPANT HAS LEGAL REPRESENTATION. IN SAN FRANCISCO, ATTORNEYS FOR THE PARTICIPANT WORK FOR THE HOMELESS OUTREACH PROGRAM, LEGAL ASSISTANCE TO THE ELDERLY OR THE OFFICE OF THE PUBLIC DEFENDER THE SAN FRANCISCO DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH ASSESSES AND OUTREACHES THE POTENTIAL PARTICIPANT.

THE SAN FRANCISCO CITY ATTORNEY REPRESENTS THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH, SHOULD A CARE PETITION BE FILED.

SAN FRANCISCO PRETRIAL
PROVIDES SAME-DAY HOTEL ROOMS
TO POTENTIAL PARTICIPANTS AND
ACTIVE PARTICIPANTS SHOULD
THEY WANT TO BE INDOORS OR ARE
WAITING FOR A TREATMENT
PROGRAM.

Exhibit B

IN ADDITION TO BEING IN THE ROLE OF SUPPORTER, THE MENTAL HEALTH ASSOCIATION OF SAN FRANCISCO PROVIDES PEER NAVIGATION TO CARE PARTICIPANTS AND POTENTIAL PARTICIPANTS. SUPPORT FROM MHASE MAY INCLUDE FOOD, CLOTHING, COMPANY, TRANSPORTATION, CLEANING SUPPLIES ETC.

UCSF/CITYWIDE CASE MANAGEMENT
PROVIDES PSYCHIATRY AND CASE
MANAGEMENT TO PARTICIPANTS. ONCE A
PARTICIPANT AGREES TO A CARE
AGREEMENT, THEY ARE ABLE TO BEGIN
SERVICES WITH UCSF/CITYWIDE.

THE SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO IS WHERE PETITIONS FOR CARE ARE FILED AND WHERE CASES ARE FOLLOWED.

CARE COURT CAN INITIALLY LAST ONE YEAR, WITH AN OPTION TO ADD A SECOND YEAR.

CARE COURT DISCUSSION ITEMS

*COERCION VS. VOLUNTARY
*WHAT HAPPENS IF INELIGIBLE?
*IS THIS A PATHWAY TO
CONSERVATORSHIP... OR A PATHWAY BACK
FROM CONSERVATORSHIP?
*IF CARE COURT IS CIVIL AND NOT
CRIMINAL, WHY IS IT UNDER THE
COLLABORATIVE COURTS UMBRELLA IN SAN
FRANCISCO?