

Location:	Citywide
Assessor's Parcel Number:	Citywide
Proposal:	<p>The City of Oakland (City) has released public review drafts of the Safety Element and the Environmental Justice (EJ) Element. The updated public review draft Safety Element provides a gameplan for addressing natural and human-caused disasters and improving our resilience to climate change impacts. The first-ever EJ Element for the City includes draft strategies and policies that focus on reducing pollution burdens on Oakland's most vulnerable communities. Both the Safety and EJ Elements are accompanied by a Racial Equity Impact Analysis (REIA) that analyzes each Element to support the development of equitable policies that are concrete, data-driven, outcome-oriented, and problem-solving. Both the Safety and the EJ Elements aim to be rooted in an equity framework in accordance with the General Plan's Vision Statement and Guiding Principles.</p> <p>The public review drafts of the Safety Element and the Environmental Justice Element are available on the Oakland 2045 General Plan Update website at: https://www.oaklandca.gov/topics/general-plan-update for a 90-day review period between March 24, 2023, to June 22, 2023. In addition, hard copies of the public review draft Safety and EJ Elements are available at the Main Branch of the Oakland Public Library's Circulation Desk at 125 14th Street, Oakland, CA 94612.</p> <p>This agenda report highlights key information from the Draft Safety and EJ Elements. It summarizes the requirements from the State, outlines key environmental justice and safety issues in Oakland, lists select goals and policies included in each Element and provides updates on ongoing community engagement.</p>
Applicant:	City of Oakland
Phone Number:	N/A
Owner:	N/A
Case File Number:	GP21002; ZA 23002; GP21002-ER01
Planning Permits Required:	N/A
General Plan:	Citywide
Zoning:	Citywide
Environmental Determination:	The City of Oakland's Bureau of Planning issued a Notice of Preparation (NOP) for a Draft EIR on March 30, 2022. The City has prepared a Draft EIR for the Project in compliance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) (California Public Resources Code §21000 et. seq.) and the State CEQA Guidelines (Guidelines) (California Code of Regulations, Title 14, Division 6, Chapter 3, §15000 et. seq.). The 45-day comment period began on March 24, 2023, and ended on May 9, 2023, at 5:00 PM.
Historic Status:	N/A
City Council district:	All
Status:	The public review drafts of the Safety Element and the Environmental Justice Element are available for a 90-day review period between March 24, 2023, to June 22, 2023.
Staff Recommendation:	Conduct A Study Session On the Oakland 2045 General Plan Update Process As Follows: (A) Receive An Informational Presentation On The Public Review Draft Safety Element; (B) Receive An Informational Presentation On The Public Review Draft Environmental Justice Element; And (C) Provide Feedback to Staff On The Public Review Drafts Of Safety and Environmental Justice Elements.
Finality of Decision:	No decisions will be made at this meeting
For further information:	Lakshmi Rajagopalan: Phone: (510) 238-6751; email: generalplan@oaklandca.gov .

SUMMARY

The Oakland 2045 General Plan Update (GPU) process began in late 2021 and is being undertaken in two phases: Phase I includes updates to the General Plan Housing Element, Safety Element, creation of City's first Environmental Justice (EJ) Element, and draft zoning code and map amendments to implement many of the actions proposed in the 2023-2031 Housing Element. Phase II of the GPU process will consider updates to the Land Use and Transportation (LUTE) Element; Estuary Policy Plan; Open Space, Conservation and Recreation (OSCAR) Element; Noise Element; and creation of a new Infrastructure and Capital Facilities Element. Phase II will also undertake a comprehensive zoning update process that will include changes to residential, commercial and industrial zones, etc.

After more than a year of extensive and broad community outreach, the City of Oakland (City) GPU project team is pleased to present the public review drafts of the Safety Element and the EJ Element.

The updated public review draft Safety Element provides a gameplan for addressing natural and human-caused disasters and improving our resilience to climate change impacts. The first-ever EJ Element for the City includes draft strategies and policies that focus on reducing pollution burdens on Oakland's most vulnerable communities. Both the [Safety Element](#) and the [EJ Element](#) are accompanied by a [Racial Equity Impact Analysis \(REIA\)](#) that analyzes each Element to support the development of equitable policies that are concrete, data-driven, outcome-oriented, and problem-solving. Both the Safety and the EJ Elements aim to be rooted in an equity framework in accordance with the [General Plan's Vision Statement and Guiding Principles](#). While the two Elements share several overlapping themes, they also diverge in focus. The equity lens the City is using throughout the GPU means that both Elements prioritize policies to reduce the risks and harmful impacts faced by Oakland's most vulnerable and frontline communities, whether the risks are from daily exposure to pollution or from structural disasters. As climate change impacts continue to be felt, the City looks to build climate resilient communities where all members thrive.

The Safety Element update and development of the new EJ Element was a multi-department effort with the Planning and Building Department (PBD) collaborating closely with key City partners – Office of the City Administrator (Sustainability and Resilience Division), Department of Race and Equity, Office of the City Attorney, Department of Transportation, Emergency Management Services Division - Fire Department, Public Works Department, Department of Violence Prevention, Police Department, Economic & Workforce Development, Housing and Community Development Department, Public Library, and Parks and Recreation.

The public review drafts of the [Safety Element](#) update and new [EJ Element](#) are available on the Oakland 2045 General Plan Update website at: <https://www.oaklandca.gov/topics/general-plan-update> for a 90-day review period between March 24, 2023, to June 22, 2023. The public review drafts are available both as a static PDF document and in an interactive Konveio page. In addition, hard copies of the public review draft Safety and EJ Elements are available at the Main Branch of the Oakland Public Library's Circulation Desk at 125 14th Street, Oakland, CA 94612.

Reports presented to the Planning Commission on [May 18, 2022](#), and to the Community and Economic Development (CED) Committee on [February 22, 2022](#) and [May 24, 2022](#), provided detailed information on the City of Oakland's GPU process - including key background information provided in the [Map Atlas](#) and [Environmental Justice and Racial Equity Baseline](#). Staff also solicited feedback from the CED Committee on issues and priorities for the Safety Element Update and the new EJ Element. Staff also presented the Draft Equity Framework to the City Council on [July 26, 2022](#). Staff reports presented to the Planning Commission on [September 21, 2022](#), the CED Committee on [September 27, 2022](#), and to the

Public Safety Committee (PSC) on [October 11, 2022](#), and [October 24, 2022](#), provided detailed information on EJ and Safety Element requirements from the State and community feedback received. Staff also solicited feedback on key goals to address environmental justice issues, integrate climate resilience and public safety strategies, and advance equitable processes at these meetings.

This agenda report provides updates and highlights key information from the Draft Safety and EJ Elements. It summarizes the requirements from the State, outlines key environmental justice and safety issues in Oakland, lists select goals and policies included in each of these General Plan Elements and provides updates on ongoing community engagement.

BACKGROUND

All California cities and counties are required to adopt comprehensive, long-term general plans to serve as the “constitution” for future development. California Law requires specific topics, also called "Elements," to be covered in a city’s general plan. Required General Plan topics include:

- Land Use
- Circulation
- Housing
- Conservation
- Open Space
- Noise
- Safety
- Environmental Justice (or related goals and policies integrated in other elements).

Safety Element Requirements

Oakland’s current Safety Element was adopted in 2004 and subsequently amended to incorporate the City’s Local Hazard Mitigation Plan in 2012, 2016, and 2021. Pursuant to Senate Bill (SB) 1035, the City is required to review and update the Safety Element, as needed, every eight years, in line with the adoption of the General Plan Housing Element. SB 1035 and SB 379 (both amending Gov. Code § 65302) require all cities to address climate change adaptation and resilience in their General Plan Safety Element.

On July 19, 2022, the Oakland City Council adopted [Resolution No. 89345 C.M.S.](#), recognizing the disproportionate impacts of climate change on Black, Indigenous, People of Color (BIPOC) and low-income communities in Oakland and directing the City Administrator to engage in an equitable process for integrating climate resilience and mitigation strategies and policies into the General Plan. The City Council’s direction is consistent with SB 1035 and SB 379.

In accordance with State law, the City’s [Climate Change Vulnerability Assessment](#) presents findings and analysis on climate adaptation and resilience strategies and informs the Safety Element’s goals and policies. The Assessment is a technical document that synthesizes climate change projections, historical data pertaining to natural events and hazards, and socio-demographic trends to determine which climate impacts are most likely to affect Oakland, where these impacts may manifest, who will be affected, and how severely.

Review by California Geological Survey of the Department of Conservation and Board of Forestry and Fire Protection

Pursuant to Government Code Section 65302.5(a), the City is required to submit the draft Safety Element and technical studies used to develop the Element to the California Geological Survey of the Department of Conservation for a 45-day review period. In addition, pursuant to Government Code Section

65302.5(b), cities that contain Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zones (VHFHSZ) are required to submit their Safety Element to the Board of Forestry and Fire Protection, and to local agencies that provide fire protection within their jurisdiction for review for a 90-day review period. Staff has submitted the draft Safety Element to the California Geological Survey of the Department of Conservation and Board of Forestry and Fire Protection for their 45-day and 90-day review.

Environmental Justice Element Requirements

SB 1000, passed in 2016, requires that cities and counties with disadvantaged communities (*referred to as Environmental Justice Communities or EJ Communities in Oakland¹*), adopt a standalone EJ Element or EJ policies throughout the General Plan Elements. These policies must aim to reduce health risks in EJ Communities, promote civic engagement in the public decision-making process, and prioritize programs that address the needs of disadvantaged communities. Under SB 1000, Oakland is required to adopt an EJ Element at the same time that the Housing and Safety Elements are updated. The City has opted to adopt both a standalone EJ Element and include EJ policies within the other General Plan Elements.

SB 1000 requires that an EJ Element include goals, policies, and objectives to reduce the unique or compounded health risks in “EJ Communities” that include, but are not limited to the seven topic areas listed below:

1. Reduction of pollution exposure, including the improvement of air quality.
2. Promoting safe and sanitary homes.
3. Promoting food access.
4. Promoting physical activity.
5. Promotion of public facilities.
6. Promote civic engagement in the public decision-making process.
7. Prioritizing improvements and programs that address the needs of disadvantaged communities.

The following sections in this report provide an overview of (1) community engagement and outreach for Safety and Environmental Justice and topics to be addresses in the Safety and EJ Elements; (2) key elements of the Public Review Draft Safety Element; (3) key elements of the Public Review Draft EJ Element; and (4) findings from the REIA of the Safety and EJ Elements.

COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT PROCESS AND FEEDBACK

The 2045 GPU process includes a robust and multi-pronged strategy for community engagement, including workshops, discussion groups, pop-up outreach, cultural events, youth engagement, online engagement methods, decision-maker meetings, and more. The GPU process places particular emphasis on engaging communities historically underrepresented and excluded from traditional planning processes and often most negatively impacted by City policies. Community engagement efforts for Phase 1 of the GPU include an extensive and inclusive outreach process, and involve close coordination between the City, Community Consultant – Deeply Rooted in Oakland Partnership (Deeply Rooted Collaborative), and Technical Consultant – Dyett and Bhatia.

¹ While State law uses the term “disadvantaged communities,” the City of Oakland has opted to use the term “Environmental Justice Communities,” in line with recommendations from the California Environmental Justice Alliance.⁴ This is based on the recognition that, in addition to identifying the problems and areas that are unfairly impacted (i.e., “disadvantaged”) by cumulative burdens, gaining equitable access to environmental benefits, investments, and other resources for low-income communities and communities of color is also an important aspect of environmental justice.

Since November 2021, the GPU team has engaged with the community through pop-ups, cultural events, townhalls, focused discussions, neighborhood workshops/meetings, online engagement, presentations to community groups and Neighborhood Councils (NCs), study sessions, public hearings, and more to solicit input and guidance for the development of the Safety and EJ Elements.

At the time of writing this report, the GPU team continues to plan for and engage with the community on the public review draft of the Safety and EJ Elements. The GPU community engagement page (<https://www.oaklandca.gov/topics/meetings-and-events>) provides information on upcoming meetings and events as well as a recap of past events, including event and meeting summaries, workshop and townhall presentations and notes, meeting summaries and; and photos. **Table 1** provides a summary of the engagement that informed the Safety and EJ Elements.

Table 1: Overview of Community Outreach for Safety and EJ Element

Community Outreach for Safety and EJ Element
<p>Focus Groups on Safety and Environmental Justice</p> <p>The City conducted three focus groups on safety issues with various organizations involved in public safety, climate change, and resilience issues. The three focus group topics were on 1) general Safety Element topic requirements and background; 2) climate change and resilience; and 3) addressing perception of safety in the built environment, as well as the social determinants of creating a safe environment, such as housing, employment, and other issues that the General Plan could address. The GPU team also conducted two EJ focus groups with various EJ stakeholders.</p>
<p>Interviews with Community Organizations</p> <p>Equity facilitators from E/J Solutions interviewed 12 environmental justice advocacy organizations for input on draft actions and the Environmental Justice Element’s topic areas of focus:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • • Asian Pacific Environmental Network (APEN) • Communities for a Better Environment (CBE) • Cocina del Corazón • The Greenlining Institute (GLI) • New Voices Are Rising (NVR) • Oakland Parks & Recreation Foundation (OPRF) • Saba Grocers Initiative • Save the Bay (STB) • Sugar Freedom Project (SFB) • The Village in Oakland (The Village) • West Oakland Environmental Indicators Project (WOEIP) • <p>Oakland Climate Action Coalition (OCAC)</p>
<p>Stakeholder Interviews</p> <p>At eight discussion groups held in May 2022, representatives from over 50 agencies, businesses, and community groups participated in small group discussions with project staff. At the Environmental Justice and Conservation discussion, participants emphasized youth participation and community-led climate action programs. Others described community health issues related to urban heat and stormwater runoff filtration.</p>
<p>Neighborhood Workshops</p> <p>On April 30 and May 28, 2022, staff held General Plan open houses in East and West Oakland in partnership with Councilmember Reid and Councilmember Fife’s offices. At the East Oakland</p>

Community Outreach for Safety and EJ Element

workshop, participants discussed environmental justice concerns in small groups with staff or added sticky notes to boards addressing environmental justice, safety, and housing. At the West Oakland workshop, participants marked up maps with stickers representing key environmental justice issues and discussed EJ issues in small groups with a facilitator.

Cultural Events and Pop-ups

From November 2021 to March 2023, the Deeply Rooted in Oakland Partnership (Deeply Rooted Collaborative) has conducted engagement and outreach at 54+ General Plan Update (GPU) pop up events. The community events were located in Eastmont, Fruitvale, San Antonio, Chinatown, West Oakland, and Downtown. Deeply Rooted Collaborative has reached out to 3,572+ low income residents of color at 54+ community events. The outreach focused on historically marginalized populations including youth, older adults, unhoused folks, formerly incarcerated persons, tenants/renters, homeowners, people with disabilities, LGBTQ+ people, low-income persons, and persons experiencing environmental injustice.

Community engagement events included porcheside chats in West Oakland, The Village Living Rooms with unhoused people in neighborhoods like San Antonio and Downtown, 510 Day celebration on Lake Merritt and large community hub events like the Lunar New Year x Black History Month Celebration of Black and Asian Solidarity event in Chinatown, Dia de los Muertos in Fruitvale and First AKOMA Grand Market and the 5th Annual Black Sunday Holiday Expo in East Oakland.

In 2022, the Deeply Rooted Collaborative heard community concerns, ideas and solutions through interviews, one-on-one conversations and they continue to engage with people through an interactive tree exercise focused on environmental justice and climate change. All 13 partner organizations at the Deeply Rooted Collaborative have conducted and hosted community engagement events and outreach with their networks at in-person events and virtual events. For more details check City of Oakland’s GPU [Community Engagement Page](#) and the [Deeply Rooted Collaborative website](#). Along with conducting in-person interactions and virtual meetings, Deeply Rooted Collaborative has been reaching out through social media and has 3829+ views on Instagram ([@deeplyrootedoakland](#), [@justcities](#)) and [Deeply Rooted Collaborative website](#).

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| <p>Breakdown of Engagement by Race/Ethnicity conducted from November 2021 - October 2022 (from Interviews).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Black/African American - 30% • Asian - 20% • Hispanic or Latino (non-white or Black) - 16% • White/European- 11% • Native American/Indigenous or Alaska Native- 3% • Multi-racial - 4% | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander - 2% • Caribbean Islander -2% • Middle Eastern - 1% • Other- 2% • Decline to state - 9% |
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Youth Engagement

The GPU Community Consultant, Deeply Rooted Collaborative, has established a Deeply Rooted Youth Fellowship comprising 20 fellows between the ages of 14 to 24 who meet in person every other Thursday. The Youth Fellowship is trained in intersecting each element with how to conduct community engagement, how to read elements and convey elements to their peers, and in turn teach adults how to conduct youth outreach.

Community Outreach for Safety and EJ Element
<p>Apart from the youth engagement gathered within the greater Deeply Rooted Collaborative, under the Environmental Justice and Safety Elements, the Deeply Rooted Youth Fellowship is designing an enhanced youth-focused community engagement effort. This includes but is not limited to collaborating with the Oakland Youth Commission, Save the Bay, Mycelium Youth Network, Frontline Catalysts, and more. Deeply Rooted Collaborative Fellowship activities include interviewing and surveying young people about their visions and aspirations for the City of Oakland; educating elementary, middle, and high school students about the Oakland General Plan 2045; gathering data and conducting research to identify the challenges young people face in the City of Oakland and their proposed solutions; and implementing a social media campaign to increase youth awareness of the Oakland General Plan 2045 update. See https://www.deeplyrooted510.org/youthfellows for additional information.</p>
<p>Factsheets – Community Education Materials The GPU team created multi-lingual community outreach materials and educational factsheets on Safety and EJ requirements and topic areas. The factsheets are available in English, Chinese, Spanish, Korean, and Arabic.</p>
<p>Videos on Safety and Environmental Justice The GPU team created videos on Safety and EJ requirements and topic areas, featuring local community leaders.</p>
<p>EJ Hub and Online Survey City staff created an online, interactive, educational platform (“GPU Environmental Justice Hub” or “EJ Hub”) to support community engagement and data ground-truthing process for the EJ Element. The EJ Hub showcases information from the EJ and Racial Equity Baseline through an interactive and engaging platform. Using the EJ Hub, residents explored the initial draft Map of Potential Environmental Justice Communities, shared their visions for a healthy neighborhood, and documented local environmental justice issues and solutions. The EJ Hub can be accessed here: https://arcg.is/00iuLT</p>
<p>Community Tours The GPU team in coordination with Ms. Margaret Gordon, Co-founder and Co-director, and Brian Beveridge, Co-director, of the West Oakland Environmental Indicators Project (WOEIP), went on a tour of West Oakland on August 29, 2022. The tour was a special and instructive opportunity to learn from WOEIP’s extensive community knowledge of environmental justice conditions in West Oakland.</p>
<p>Technical Advisory Committee The Technical Advisory Committee (TAC) is comprised of internal City department representatives as well as other Oakland-based, neighboring, and regional governmental agency representatives. The TAC serves to advise on key strategies to address Oakland’s big issues related to housing, environmental justice, safety, and other topics; review community input collected at key points in the process; and inform, discuss, and provide technical direction on policies and actions. At the TAC meetings held on May 23, 2022, and June 27, 2022, TAC members provided feedback on the draft EJ Communities map and initial input on Environmental Justice and Safety Elements policies and programs, as well as visioning for Industrial Lands.</p>

Community Outreach for Safety and EJ Element
<p>Equity Working Group The City of Oakland Equity Working Group (EWG) is a Resident Advisory Council of 17 community members convened by the Deeply Rooted Collaborative. The EWG is a two year-long process where community residents help inform policy priorities for the General Plan 2045 Phase 1 and Phase 2. The EWG meets 1 to 2 times a month virtually. Deeply rooted collaborative has hosted 15 meetings from May 2022 - April 2023.</p>
<p>Neighborhood Councils (NCs) City staff have presented at NCs on topics including housing, environmental justice, industrial lands and safety and natural hazards and received feedback.</p>
<p>Study Sessions with Decisionmakers – Planning Commission, CED, and PSC Staff have provided several informational presentations to the Planning Commission, CED and PSC Committees of the City Council and sought feedback on the Vision and Equity Framework issues and priorities for the Safety Element Update and the new EJ Element, and on key goals to address EJ issues, integrate climate resilience and public safety strategies, and advance equitable processes.</p>

Across discussion groups, workshops, decisionmaker meetings, and other community engagement events, following key topics as listed in **Table 2** emerged that informed development of the goals, policies, and actions for the Safety and EJ Element. The Draft Safety and Environmental Justice Elements have addressed each topic accordingly.

Table 2: Key Topics to Be Addressed in Safety and EJ Element

Element	Topic Area to Address
Environmental Justice	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Industrial Land Use and Air Pollution • Exposure to Toxics and Hazardous Substances • Transportation Safety and Noise • Housing Issues • Equitable Climate Resilience • Gentrification and Displacement • Cultural Spaces and Art • Illegal Dumping and Lack of Public Works Maintenance • Regulating emissions from trucks and industrial uses • Pedestrian and Bicyclist Comfort and Safety • Need for Health-Promoting Resources in Neighborhoods • Tree Canopy and Green Infrastructure • Food Access • Government Accountability and Community Empowerment

Element	Topic Area to Address
Safety	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Community Leadership and Planning• Importance of Green Infrastructure• Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design (CPTED)• Equity in Emergency Response• Public Safety

SAFETY ELEMENT UPDATE

The Safety Element aims to protect residents, workers, and visitors from seismic and geologic hazards, fire hazards, hazardous materials, flooding, and other potential hazards that risk life and property. The Element also uses an equity lens through its hazards analysis and prioritizes vulnerable communities in the development of its goals, policies, and actions. The Safety Element aims to be rooted in an equity framework in accordance with the General Plan’s [Vision Statement and Guiding Principles](#). The Safety Element’s goals and policies prioritizes “frontline communities,” or vulnerable communities that will be affected “first and worst” from climate change and environmental hazard impacts. The Safety Element’s racial equity focus is based on the frameworks established by the City’s 2018 Oakland Equity Indicators Report, the 2020 Racial Equity Impact Assessment and Implementation Guide for the Oakland’s 2030 Equitable Climate Action Plan (ECAP), and other previous studies that have laid the foundation to ensure that the City integrates equity and social justice into its policies, practices, and actions.

The Safety Element builds on the City’s [2021-2026 Local Hazard Mitigation Plan \(LHMP\)](#); addresses all state requirements; and serves as a central reference point for the City’s efforts to address safety and climate change issues, including earthquakes, floods, fires, toxic waste, and other hazards. The Safety Element includes overarching goals and policies to address natural hazards, fire and flood hazard management for critical facilities, non-conforming development to contemporary fire safe standards (e.g., road standards and vegetation hazards), emergency evacuation routes per SB 99, climate change adaptation, Sea Level Rise (SLR), drought, and identifies capital improvement programs to improve the City’s resilience to natural and human-caused hazards. In addition, a Climate Change Vulnerability Assessment has also been drafted and is now available for public review at <https://www.oaklandca.gov/topics/oakland-2045-general-plan-safety-element>.

Safety Element Organization

The City’s updated Safety Element contains five chapters:

- Chapter 1: Introduction outlines key statutory requirements, community engagement process, and the Safety Element’s relationship to other General Plan elements.
- Chapter 2: Natural Hazards includes geologic and seismic hazards, fire, flooding, and sea level rise.
- Chapter 3: Human-made hazards includes sites affected by hazardous materials and cleanup sites, issues related to climate change, airport hazards, and public safety.
- Chapter 4: Emergency Preparedness and Response provides information on the City’s Emergency Preparedness and Response programs, agencies, and operations, Oakland’s emergency alert

systems, an analysis of evacuation routes, and describes current capital improvement needs relevant to emergency preparedness and response.

- Chapter 5: Goals, Policies, and Implementation Measures includes a summary of all the goals, policies, and actions

Chapters 2-4 also provide a summary of populations vulnerable to hazards; an outline of the institutional framework, including relevant agencies, regulations, and programs; and a set of goals and policies specific to that hazard or issue.

Vulnerable Communities

Vulnerable, or frontline communities, face intersecting vulnerabilities, including racial discrimination, poverty, disability, housing insecurity, linguistic isolation, poor air quality, and more, which magnify climate threats. As a result, they are often the least able to adapt, resist, or recover from climate impacts. Frontline communities can change based on the specific threat or policy being considered. For example, vulnerable communities located on coastlines will be most severely impacted by sea level rise (SLR). The term vulnerable communities is used in the Safety Element and each section in the Element identifies which groups are most vulnerable to specific hazards.

The Safety Element's natural hazard map (see **Attachment A**) also illustrates areas of highest social vulnerability in Oakland. Using the methodology developed by the Bay Conservation and Development Commission (BCDC), block groups labeled "Highest social vulnerability" have eight or more social vulnerability indicators with rates in the 70th percentile, relative to the Bay Area; and/or six or more social vulnerability indicators with rates in the 90th percentile, relative to the Bay Area. See also the Vulnerability Assessment now available for public review at <https://www.oaklandca.gov/topics/oakland-2045-general-plan-safety-element>.

Social Vulnerability indicators include:

- Renters
- Under 5 years old
- Very low income
- Non-U.S. citizens
- Without a vehicle
- People with disabilities
- Single parent families
- Communities of color
- 65 years old and older living alone
- Limited English proficiency
- Without a high school degree
- Severely housing cost burdened

Draft Safety Element Goals, Policies and Actions

The updated Safety Element includes a total of 7 goals, 48 policies, and 44 implementation measures. Under each goal are policies that support each goal statement. The implementation measures describe the proposed action and identifies the department with primary responsibility for carrying out the program, and the time frame for accomplishing the program. As stated previously, the goals and policies are outlined in Chapters 2-4 specific to a hazard or issue. Implementing measures or actions are included in Chapter 5. **Table 3** provides a sample of select draft goals, policies, and actions in the Draft Safety Element, several of which arose from public feedback, including focus group discussions, community events and feedback from the Planning Commission, CED and PSC. For the complete list of draft policies and actions in the Safety Element, please refer to [Chapter 5](#) of the [Draft Safety Element](#).

Table 3: Select Draft Safety Element Goals, Policies, and Actions

Safety Goals	Select Policies	Select Actions
<p>Goal SAF-1: Minimize the risk to life and property caused by seismic and geologic hazards</p>	<p>SAF-1.3 Limit development in Hazardous Areas and Minimize Erosion. Minimize threat to structures and humans by limiting development in areas subject to landslides or other geologic threat and undertake efforts to limit erosion from new development.</p>	<p>SAF-A.4: Continue to enforce ordinances for grading, erosion, and sedimentation; provisions under the creek protection, storm water management and discharge control ordinance; and regulations for site-design and source control techniques for peak stormwater runoff flow and landslide and erosion impacts from increase runoff volumes.</p> <p>SAF-A.5: Design fire-preventive vegetation-management techniques and practices for creeksides and high-slope areas that align with practices designed to stabilize hillsides, prevent erosion and sedimentation to help prevent landslide and erosion hazards.</p>
<p>Goal SAF-2: Proactively prevent urban fires and exposure to wildfire and protect community members and property from fire danger</p>	<p>SAF-2.7 Protect against Smoke and Wildfire. Improve access to better indoor air quality to protect against smoke and wildfire through methods such as requiring installation of MERV filters in new developments and identifying additional clean air centers and resilience spaces within residential areas</p>	<p>SAF-A.10: Compile a list of high-rise and high-occupancy buildings which are deemed to be particularly susceptible to fire hazards, due to their age or construction materials. Determine an expeditious timeline for the fire safety inspection of all such structures. Prioritize areas and financial assistance for fire safety retrofits based on racial equity and vulnerability criteria, including lower income households, mobility-impaired residents, families with small children, and older adults.</p> <p>SAF-A.11: Continue to conduct periodic fire-safety inspections of commercial, multi-family, and institutional buildings. Prioritize inspections among areas at high risk and high vulnerability, including lower-income households, areas with greater percentages of mobility-impaired residents, families with small children, and older adults.</p>
<p>Goal SAF-3: Protect people and property from flooding</p>	<p>SAF-3.5 Green Stormwater Infrastructure. Fund and implement a green infrastructure program for the installation and maintenance of projects and existing civic resources such as the parks system and public spaces, to improve stormwater management, support</p>	<p>SAF-A.12 As part of creek “naturalization” or restoration efforts, undertake ecologically-sensitive solutions that align with integrated open space/flooding solutions where feasible. As staff resources are available, explore</p>

Safety Goals	Select Policies	Select Actions
	<p>biodiversity, reduce air pollution exposure, improve water quality, and increase access to natural spaces, including trees. Prioritize green stormwater infrastructure investment in frontline communities, particularly in residential neighborhoods dominated by concrete and asphalt with limited green space and elevated air pollution, in Priority Conservation Areas, and in areas where green infrastructure, including trees and other types of vegetated buffers, can effectively address stormwater management issues and reduce air pollution exposure among sensitive populations. <i>This policy is cross-listed as Action EJ-A.13 in the Environmental Justice Element</i></p>	<p>these solutions in partnership with community organizations, such as partners involved in the East Oakland Neighborhood Initiative, Save the Bay, Mycelium Youth, Shoreline Leadership Academy, and other groups already implementing climate-resilient solutions.</p> <p>SAF-A.14 Ensure that new construction and major improvements to existing structures within flood zones are in compliance with federal requirements and, thus, remain a participant in the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP).</p>
<p>Goal SAF-4: Proactively plan for impacts of sea level rise on people, property, and essential infrastructure</p>	<p>SAF-4.3 New Development and Sea Level Rise. New Development and Sea Level Rise. Develop sea-level rise standards/horizon that will guide adaption and resiliency planning as part of the updated Sea Level Rise Roadmap, including recommendations and regulations for a suite of shoreline protection measures (including ecologically-friendly adaptation options), protective setbacks, and other adaptation strategies, to be incorporated into future development projects.</p> <p>SAF-4.4 Sea Level Rise Vulnerability Assessment. Require applicants proposing to develop in a future inundation area (as depicted in a SLR scenario to be determined in subsequent administrative regulations or documents) to conduct a Sea Level Rise vulnerability assessment for the project, prepare a Sea Level Rise Adaptation Plan for implementation as part of the project designs, and submit the assessment, adaptation plan, and conceptual design to the City for review and approval.</p> <p>SAF-4.5 Evaluating Bay/Watershed Flooding Potential. In partnership with other agencies, including the Port of Oakland, the Bay Area Bay Conservation and Development Commission, and the Alameda County Flood Control Water Conservation District, re-evaluate both Bay flooding and watershed flooding potential at key milestones in the Safety Element’s</p>	<p>SAF-A.17 Work with property owners to develop cohesive areawide flooding prevention strategies in the two areas most susceptible to 100-year floods – the shoreline near the mouth of the Oakland Estuary, and the Coliseum and areas north extending through to the Flea Market.</p> <p>SAF-A.18 Study compounding impact of sea level rise on groundwater threats in areas with hazardous facilities. Comply with performance standards pursuant to the Alameda countywide National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System municipal stormwater permit.</p> <p>SAF-A.20 By 2025, conduct a regional and citywide community engagement effort to determine planning thresholds and appropriate sea level rise mitigation strategies.</p>

Safety Goals	Select Policies	Select Actions
<p>Goal SAF-5: Minimize health and safety impacts related to the use, storage, manufacture, and transport of hazardous materials</p>	<p>implementation horizon, to manage for changing sea level rise projections.</p> <p>SAF-5.2 Hazardous Materials. Minimize the potential risks to human and environmental health and safety associated with the past and present use, handling, storage and disposal of hazardous materials.</p>	<p>SAF-A.21 As part of the LUTE, the City of Oakland will include policy recommendations from the West Oakland Truck Management Plan. These include: 1) traffic calming measures to keep truck traffic off residential streets; 2) improved signage regarding existing truck routes; 3) preferred routes to use when destinations are not located on truck routes; and 3) modifications to truck routes and prohibited streets.</p>
<p>Goal SAF-6: Protect Oaklanders from airport land use hazards</p>	<p>SAF-6.2 Land Use Compatibility. Require land uses surrounding the Oakland International Airport to be compatible with the operation of the airport and restrict development of potentially hazardous obstructions or other hazards to flight. Discourage uses that may impact airport operations or do not meet Federal or State aviation standards.</p>	<p>SAF-A.28 Incorporate land use compatibility considerations in LUTE as part of Phase 2.</p>
<p>Goal SAF-7: Foster feelings of safety in all Oakland neighborhoods</p>	<p>SAF 7.2 Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design. Continue to apply Crime Prevention through Environmental Design principles in the design of new development and encourage the provision of adequate public lighting; windows overlooking streets or parking lots; and paths to increase pedestrian activity within private development projects and public facilities in order to enhance public safety and reduce calls for service.</p>	<p>SAF-A.29 Work with community groups to ensure CPTED guidelines account for unique neighborhood and cultural considerations. Include representation from youth and formerly incarcerated individuals.</p>

ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE ELEMENT

Oakland has created its first EJ Element for the Oakland 2045 GPU. The environmental justice movement arose to address our history of unjust governmental actions, find remedies to disproportionate impacts, and build decision-making power among groups most affected by these harms. The EJ Element serves as the foundation for achieving equity and environmental justice when planning for future growth and development in Oakland.

The EJ Element builds upon Oakland’s current regulatory setting for equity and environmental justice, including Oakland Municipal Code Section 2.29.170, which specifies that “the City of Oakland will intentionally integrate, on a Citywide basis, the principles of ‘fair and just’ in all the City does in order to achieve equitable opportunities for all people and communities,” as well as City Council Resolution 89249: Declaring Racism A Public Health Crisis, which states “the City of Oakland declares racism a

public health crisis and recognizes the severe impact of racism on the well-being of Oakland residents and the City overall.”

Consistent with State requirements, the EJ Element addresses community-identified environmental justice issues related to reducing pollution exposure and improving air quality; promoting safe, healthy, and affordable homes; providing equitable public facilities; expanding healthy food access; promoting physical activity; improving civic engagement; and prioritizing improvements and programs that meet the needs of Environmental Justice Communities (EJ Communities).

EJ Element Organization

The Environmental Justice Element contains nine chapters:

- Chapter 1: Introduction presents the background and purpose of the Environmental Justice Element, including statutory requirements and outlines the City of Oakland’s process and community engagement efforts undertaken to develop the Element.
- Chapter 2: Environmental Racism and Health Inequities in Oakland, provides an overview of the historical development and planning decisions of Oakland which have shaped current conditions of environmental disparities and defines Oakland-specific Environmental Justice Communities (disadvantaged communities).
- Chapter 3: Reducing Pollution Exposure and Improving Air Quality, analyzes the pollution burden, especially on sensitive land uses, in Oakland from air pollution, water contamination, hazardous materials and toxics, and illegal dumping.
- Chapter 4: Safe, Healthy, and Affordable Homes, details housing disparities in the City of Oakland.
- Chapter 5: Expanding Healthy Food Access, analyzes Oakland’s food network, including availability of food outlets, food availability, and food quality.
- Chapter 6: Equitable Public Facilities, details the distribution of and investment in Oakland’s public facilities, such as infrastructure, school facilities, parks, and transportation and emergency services.
- Chapter 7: Promoting Physical Activity, analyzes the barriers to physical activity and health in the city, such as mobility and safety, park access maintenance, and urban forest and greening.
- Chapter 8: Engaged Communities, details the City of Oakland’s community engagement efforts and challenges experienced, including an overview of the community engagement spectrum, linguistic isolation, internet access, and employment.
- Chapter 9: Implementation Actions and Programs concludes with a comprehensive table of actions to achieve the goals and policies set forth in the preceding chapters.

Chapters 3-8 summarize baseline conditions within Oakland’s communities through the lens of six environmental factors and highlight EJ communities that experience the greatest disparities and/or vulnerabilities.

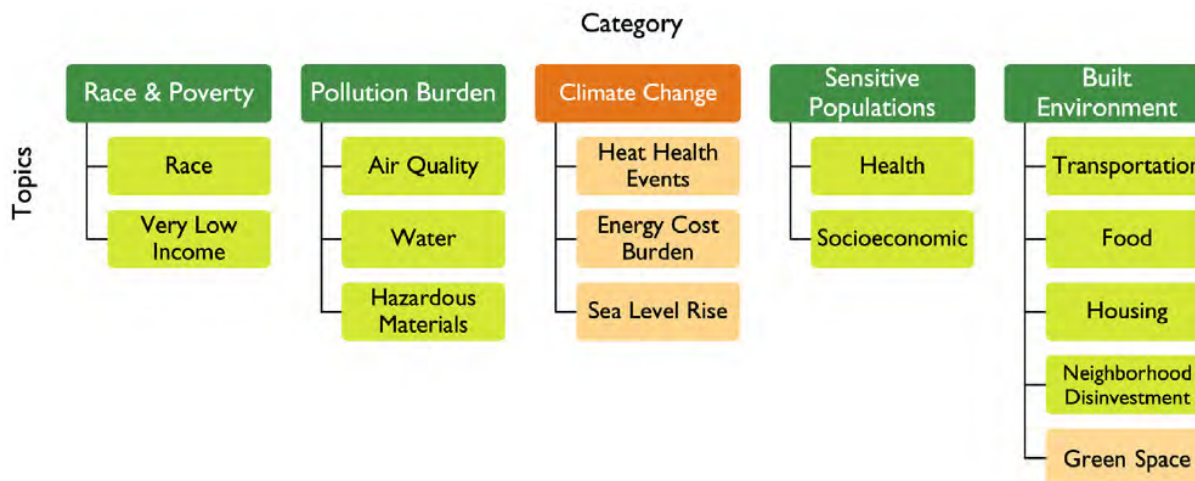
Identifying Environmental Justice Communities

Identifying low-income communities most impacted by environmental justice issues (EJ Communities) is a core component of SB 1000 and one of the primary objectives of an EJ Element. The GPU Team first prepared an [Environmental Justice and Racial Equity Baseline](#) (EJ Baseline Report) to identify and

delineate existing social, economic, and environmental disparities by race and geography that can be influenced directly or indirectly by the General Plan. The EJ Baseline Report was an important first step in presenting a preliminary screening methodology to identify EJ Communities by evaluating 53 indicators related to the SB 1000 topic areas. Each indicator was scored using a percentile ranking process that ranks all 113 census tracts in the city from highest (1.00, representing the most burdened) to lowest (0.00, representing the least burdened). This kicked off an iterative process of modifying and refining the methodology to ensure that the final EJ Communities map is representative of the on-the-ground conditions people experience in their daily lives. In addition, the methodology has been revised using the recommendations from the REIA. The final methodology includes 53 indicators grouped under five categories and 15 topics. See **Figure 1** for a breakdown of the structure of the screening indicators.

There are 48 census tracts that have been identified as EJ Communities: 29 are in the top 25th percentile by composite score, 12 additional census tracts are in the top 10th percentile of any one of the category scores, and seven additional census tracts have lower scores, but are designated by CalEPA as SB 535 Disadvantaged Communities (as of May 2022). The EJ Communities Map is presented in **Attachment B**.

Figure 1: Structure of EJ Communities Screening Indicators



Draft EJ Element Goals, Policies, and Actions

There are 10 Goals in the EJ Element, and each goal has associated policies and actions. **Table 4** provides a sample of select draft goals, policies, and actions in the Draft EJ Element, several of which arose from public feedback on EJ topics discussed at focus group discussions and community events. For the complete list of draft policies and actions in the EJ Element, please refer to [Chapter 9](#) of the [Draft EJ Element](#).

Table 4: Select Draft Environmental Justice Element Goals, Policies, And Actions

EJ Goals	Select Policies	Select Actions
Goal EJ-1. Reduce pollution, mitigate the impacts of pollution on existing sensitive land uses, and eliminate	EJ-1.2 Truck Emissions and Pollution Exposure. Minimize air pollution and exposure of sensitive land uses to truck pollution, particularly in EJ Communities and other areas most burdened by air pollution, while recognizing the Port of	EJ-A.2 Adopt more stringent air quality construction and operations requirements for development near or within industrially zoned land as part of standard conditions of approval.

EJ Goals	Select Policies	Select Actions
associated public health disparities.	Oakland’s role as the highest-volume shipping port in Northern California.	
Goal EJ-2. Protect Oakland water supplies from contamination.	EJ-2.4 Stormwater Management. Reduce stormwater runoff by implementing the Green Stormwater Infrastructure Plan to help conserve water, protect water bodies, and mitigate localized flood risk from large storm events.	EJ-A.13 Continue to participate in the Alameda Countywide Clean Water Program to protect creeks, wetlands, and the San Francisco Bay. Prioritize creek restoration projects in Environmental Justice Communities with the lowest Tree Canopy and Park Access scores.
Goal EJ-3. Prevent, reduce, and clean up Illegal dumping.	EJ-3.1 Design for Graffiti Reduction. Establish guidelines based on Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design (CPTED) standards and other best practices that decrease opportunity for graffiti.	EJ-A.15 In partnership with school districts, community college networks, local vocational programs, labor unions in the recycling and waste diversion sector, and unhoused residents who depend on recycling for their survival, co-create a community reuse and repair program to increase waste diversion, reduce material consumption, and create green jobs. Target this program for residents of neighborhoods with the highest unemployment rates.
Goal EJ-4. Coordinate resources to Improve housing quality and habitability.	EJ-4.5 Improve Indoor Air Quality in Existing Buildings. For new projects and significant rehabilitations of existing buildings, improve indoor air quality and energy efficiency through weatherization and strategies to prevent buildup of mold and mildew.	EJ-A.16 As part of the LUTE update in Phase 2, explore incentives and strategies to promote health-promoting features in housing projects that are built in EJ Communities.
Goal EJ-5. Support a food system that provides nutritious, affordable, culturally relevant, and affordable food to all Oaklanders.	EJ-5.4 Urban Agriculture in New Development. Promote rooftop gardens, edible gardens, and other sustainable agricultural landscaping alternatives within multi-unit, commercial, and industrial developments. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target creation of rooftop gardens highly visible from neighboring properties. • Permit indoor “vertical food farms” in industrial areas. • Reduce permit fees for large-scale farming of edible products. 	EJ-A.21 As part of the LUTE update in Phase 2, explore potential locations and other strategies, such as incentives, zoning overlays, land use changes, density or intensity bonuses, or others, for prioritization of new full-service grocery stores over a certain square footage. Prioritize grocery store development in EJ Communities with the lowest food access, and incentivize community-led, neighborhood resident-owned and cooperatively-owned full-service grocery stores.
Goal EJ-6. Support a network of well-	EJ-6.6 Public Restroom Facilities. Access to safe, clean sanitation is globally	EJ-A.25 As part of the LUTE update in Phase 2, explore land

EJ Goals	Select Policies	Select Actions
<p>maintained community facilities that are easily accessible, culturally supportive, and responsive to community needs.</p>	<p>recognized as essential for public health. Public toilets should be accessible to all Oaklanders, without social or physical barriers preventing usage. A public toilet facility’s design and upkeep should offer privacy and safety, ensure cleanliness, provide required sanitation-related resources, and be gender equitable.</p>	<p>use changes that are supportive of cultural organization operation in partnership with community groups, small business associations, and the Cultural Affairs office.</p>
<p>Goal EJ-7. Create environments that support physical activity, recreation, and healthy lifestyles through safe, comfortable and ADA-compliant walkable, bikeable neighborhoods, with access to transit, green space, trees, paths, and parks.</p>	<p>EJ-7.3 Street Design for Safe Speeds. Work to maximize the safety of the transportation network by designing/ redesigning streets for lower driving speeds and enforcing speed limits as well as promoting safe driving behavior. Strategies could include implementing leading pedestrian intervals for crosswalks in residential neighborhoods and providing pedestrian scale lighting. Prioritize speed reduction efforts in EJ Communities with the highest concentrations of pedestrian and bicyclist crashes. Study enforcement patterns annually to avoid racial profiling.</p>	<p>EJ-A.29 Prioritize urban greening projects identified in community plans, such as EONI, WOCAP, and others. Implement projects in partnership with community groups in EJ Communities.</p>
<p>Goal EJ-8. Foster meaningful civic engagement and support community power- and capacity-building.</p>	<p>EJ-8.8 Youth-Centered Events. Seek out opportunities for meaningfully and authentically involving young people— particularly from EJ Communities—in the planning and implementation of youth-centered events that develop confidence and leadership skills.</p>	<p>EJ-A.31 Develop a participatory budgeting process for EJ Community investments and explore expansion into other departments.</p>
<p>Goal EJ-9. Expand economic development, income equality, and opportunity for all Oaklanders.</p>	<p>EJ-9.3 Business Incubators. Encourage occupancy of existing buildings with incubators for specific industry/trade groups and for artisans and craftspeople, where small startup businesses can share existing facilities and equipment.</p>	<p>EJ-A.33 As part of land use planning efforts, explore the following strategies in partnership with community organizations based in EJ Communities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Corridor revitalization • Zoning opportunities to facilitate smaller, “microretail” spaces that are more affordable to new or smaller businesses. • Cultural Districts that showcase, support, and preserve existing cultural identity of retail and commercial services. For example, programs that support restoration of historical Black business districts in West Oakland. • Neighborhood retail and local business conservation strategies to prevent conversion of existing neighborhood-retail uses in neighborhoods that would otherwise

EJ Goals	Select Policies	Select Actions
		lose easy access to nearby shops and neighborhood services, including through anti-displacement strategies. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Anti-displacement strategies for artists and creative businesses
Goal EJ-10. Prioritize improvements and programs that meet the needs of environmental justice communities.	EJ-10.2 Implementation Monitoring and Evaluation Plan. To increase transparency and accountability, adopt an implementation monitoring and evaluation plan with achievable milestones, periodic evaluation, and a reporting mechanism, such as an online portal or newsletter to track outcomes and keep residents informed.	EJ-A.34 In partnership with community groups, develop an implementation monitoring and evaluation plan framework and reporting mechanism.

RACIAL EQUITY IMPACT ANALYSIS OF THE SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE ELEMENTS

Oakland’s Municipal Code requires the City to intentionally integrate the principles of fairness and justice into “all the City does in order to achieve equitable opportunities for all people and communities.”² The City’s Department of Race and Equity (Oakland DRE), established to help the City achieve this goal, has advised that racial inequities cannot be eradicated unless directly addressed.³ To directly address Oakland’s racial disparities during the General Plan Update, the City has adopted a racial equity framework, which calls for the development of a Racial Equity Impact Assessment (REIA) alongside all emerging or revised plans and policies to support development of equitable policies that are *concrete, data-driven, outcome-oriented, and problem-solving*.






Both the Safety and EJ Elements are accompanied by a [REIA](#) to ensure that both Elements prioritize policies to reduce the risks and harmful impacts the City’s most vulnerable and frontline communities face, whether the risks are from daily exposure to pollution or from structural disasters. The REIA provides an assessment of the proposed goals and actions in the draft EJ and Safety Elements, shedding light on the communities within Oakland that experience the greatest environmental justice and safety burdens. For each group of goals and actions, the analysis begins with a statement of who the action stands to benefit, and which parties may be, or perceive themselves to be, burdened by it. Next, the REIA identifies existing challenges and equity gaps that can limit each action’s effectiveness in reducing disparities. Finally, the REIA provides recommendations to strengthen each action or bolster implementation in ways that overcome existing barriers to achieving substantive equitable outcomes. **Table 5** provides 15 recommendations to maximize racially equitable environmental health and safety outcomes in the Environmental Justice and Safety Elements.

² Oakland Municipal Code Section 2.29.170.1.

³ Oakland Department of Race and Equity, *Racial Equity Analysis Worksheet* (“Not everything that is faced can be changed, but nothing can be changed until it is faced.” James Baldwin).

Table 5: Recommendations to Maximize Racially Equitable Environmental Health and Safety Outcomes in the Safety and Environmental Elements

Recommendations Key

-  Dedicate resources to bridge equity gaps
-  Create a framework for ongoing accountability
-  Commit to co-developing solutions with impacted community members
-  Reduce public health, safety, and environmental disparities
-  Preserve or strengthens local assets

1.  Focus EJ goals and policies on **improving City infrastructure and public services**, rather than on increasing policing, surveillance, ticketing, fines, fees, or arrests of low-income, BIPOC, EJ Community members.
2.  Provide **popular education** about rights and resources to all community members. Educational campaigns are a too infrequently used approach for bringing Oaklanders together around shared goals across socioeconomic and racial/ethnic lines. City efforts to increase access to resources for the most vulnerable residents should utilize paid partnerships with CBOs to develop and deploy community-based campaigns. Popular education carried out through Oakland resident leadership can help the City meet residents where they are, overcome barriers to understanding, pay respect to existing community knowledge and lived experience, and ensure that everyone has the ability to participate equitably in creating and sharing knowledge.
3.  Promote **leadership by members of EJ Communities** and other vulnerable neighborhoods and population groups in developing solutions that incorporate their local wisdom. Enabling deep participatory democracy will require ‘capacity investments’ in community-based organizations and small local businesses.
4.  **Co-develop environmental justice and safety programs** and carry out implementation through meaningful engagement with previously marginalized, vulnerable community members. As the City moves to adopt environmental justice policies, the goal is to move away from marginalization (denying residents access to decision-making processes) and merely providing the community with relevant information about completed decisions. Instead, adopt a practice of gathering community input early and often in decision-making processes from program design through implementation to bolster community leadership. Fostering community ‘ownership’ of environmental justice policies and programs increases civic capacity and democratic participation in government facilitates equitable outcomes. Bringing more voices to the table removes critical blind spots regarding how policies impact the community and reveals the effective solutions to remedy equity gaps.
5.  Improve Citywide community engagement information gathering and sharing practices. Rather than having each City department collect and refer to community input in silos, develop and utilize a “one-stop shop” platform: a **central system for community input** with searchable data well-organized by topic for use by all City department staff. Improved data gathering and assessment will improve civic engagement by reducing City blind spots, redundancy, and resident planning fatigue caused by repeated requests for input.
6.  **Mitigate the impacts of existing incompatible land uses.** Prioritize improvements that remedy the pollution, aesthetic, and noise burdens of heavy industrial uses near sensitive land uses. Improve the livability of low-income neighborhoods through streetscaping, increased tree canopy, vegetative blockades, bioswales, daylighting and restoration of creeks, and improving access to open space. Create buffers from harmful infrastructure and activity such as freeways and incinerators. Create vegetative buffers that provide both ecosystem services and aesthetic improvement.

Recommendations Key

- 💰 Dedicate resources to bridge equity gaps
- 🔍 Create a framework for ongoing accountability
- 🗣️👤 Commit to co-developing solutions with impacted community members
- ⚖️ Reduce public health, safety, and environmental disparities
- ❤️ Preserve or strengthens local assets

7. ⚖️❤️ Prioritize placemaking projects that **serve residents of existing Environmental Justice and affordable housing communities**, improving their health, quality of life, and economic livelihoods. These include new or renovated community recreation centers, community resilience hubs, and green vegetation buffers and stormwater management. Follow community-led plans and priorities for investments, such as the East Oakland Neighborhoods Initiative (EONI) Community Plan and West Oakland Community Action Plan (WOCAP). Draw on the local community's assets, character, and potential, with the intention of creating public spaces that promote people's health, happiness, and well-being.
8. 💰❤️ Invest in **building intersectional resilience** by increasing investment in public and community-oriented social infrastructure. Increase citywide use of new or existing community centers to provide community-facing services such as community kitchens, free internet access, free childcare, tutoring, and youth sports. Layer in climate resilience features such as air filtration, serving as cooling centers on hot days, providing community-owned solar micro-grids with battery backup, enabling greywater and rainwater harvesting, community gardens, and tool-lending and seed libraries.
9. ⚖️ Achieve **measurable reductions** in stationary and mobile sources of emissions and noise pollution.
10. ⚖️ Attract new **clean industries** to the city (do not increase noise levels, emit smoke or offensive odors, or cause industrial waste) and site them in locations both inside and outside of EJ Communities.
11. ⚖️ Promote **innovative residential** design techniques and sustainable construction materials and methods to stimulate residential development that protects the environment.
12. ⚖️ Improve mobility by completing capital improvements and encouraging projects in EJ Communities that **promote walkability and improve the safety and accessibility** of sidewalks, trails, bicycle infrastructure, and public transit. Consider the ways that mobility solutions can improve public safety, such as through improved lighting at transit stops. Ensure that all infrastructure developments include access for the mobility impaired.
13. 💰 As laid out in Housing Action Plan 3.5.1, **support Community Land Trusts (CLTs)** to ensure continued production and preservation of housing affordable to extremely low-, very low-, low- and moderate-income households.
14. 💰❤️ Increase public funding for **workforce development programs that guarantee jobs for graduates**, through partnership with local businesses. Pipelines to guaranteed jobs can incentivize participation in unpaid training opportunities and generate more opportunities to increase economic livelihoods. Deploy public information methods guaranteed to reach residents of low-income, vulnerable EJ Communities, including parolees and young people between the ages of 16 to 24. Provide easy enrollment methods and ensure ample enrollment opportunities.
15. ❤️ Secure **local hire commitments** that preference residents of neighborhoods with high unemployment rates, with the next level of preference given to residents of Oakland and neighborhoods immediately proximate to the city. (See the Construction Jobs Policy of the Oakland Army Base).

ENVIRONMENTAL DETERMINATION

The City of Oakland has prepared a Draft Environmental Impact Report (DEIR) for Phase I of the Oakland 2045 General Plan Update pursuant to the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) and the State CEQA Guidelines to analyze potential physical environmental impacts of the proposed City of Oakland Planning Code, Zoning and Height Area Maps, and General Plan text and map amendments implementing its 2023-2031 Housing Element, updates to its Safety Element and its adoption of a new Environmental Justice Element.

An EIR Scoping Session was held at the April 20, 2022, Planning Commission meeting to solicit comments from the Planning Commission and the public on the types of information and analysis that should be considered in the General Plan Update DEIR.

The Phase I Oakland 2045 General Plan Update Draft EIR was available for a 45-day comment period between March 24, 2023, and May 9, 2023. The City Planning Commission held a public meeting to receive comments on the Draft EIR for the Project on April 19, 2023.

ACTION REQUESTED OF THE PLANNING COMMISSION

Staff Recommends That The Planning Commission Conduct A Study Session On the Oakland 2045 General Plan Update Process As Follows: (A) Receive An Informational Presentation On The Public Review Draft Safety Element; (B) Receive An Informational Presentation On The Public Review Draft Environmental Justice Element; And (C) Provide Feedback to Staff On The Public Review Drafts Of Safety and Environmental Justice Elements.

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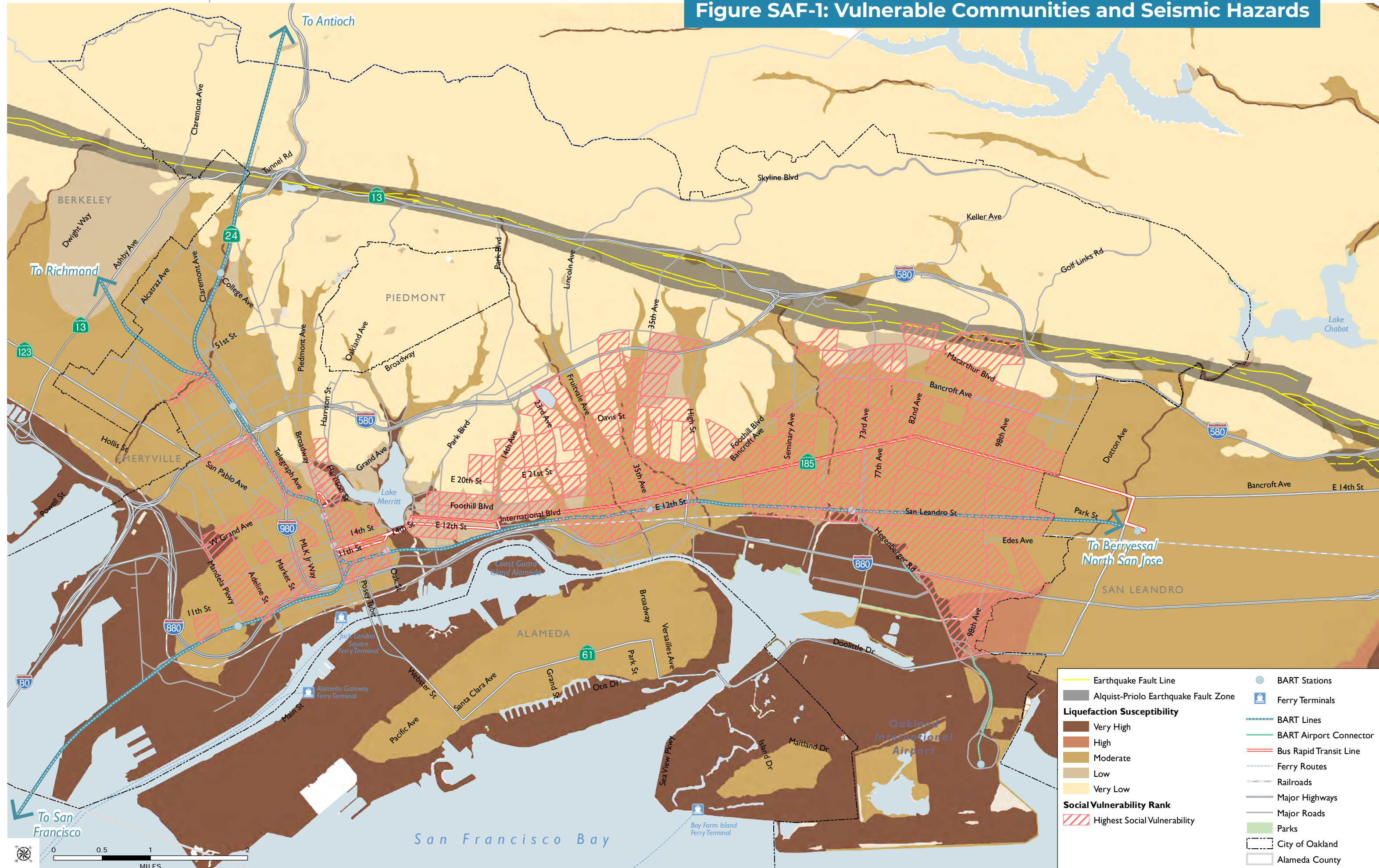
Ed Manasse, Deputy Director of Planning

ATTACHMENTS:

- A. Attachment A: Areas of Highest Social Vulnerability in Oakland
- B. Attachment B: Map of Environmental Justice Communities in Oakland

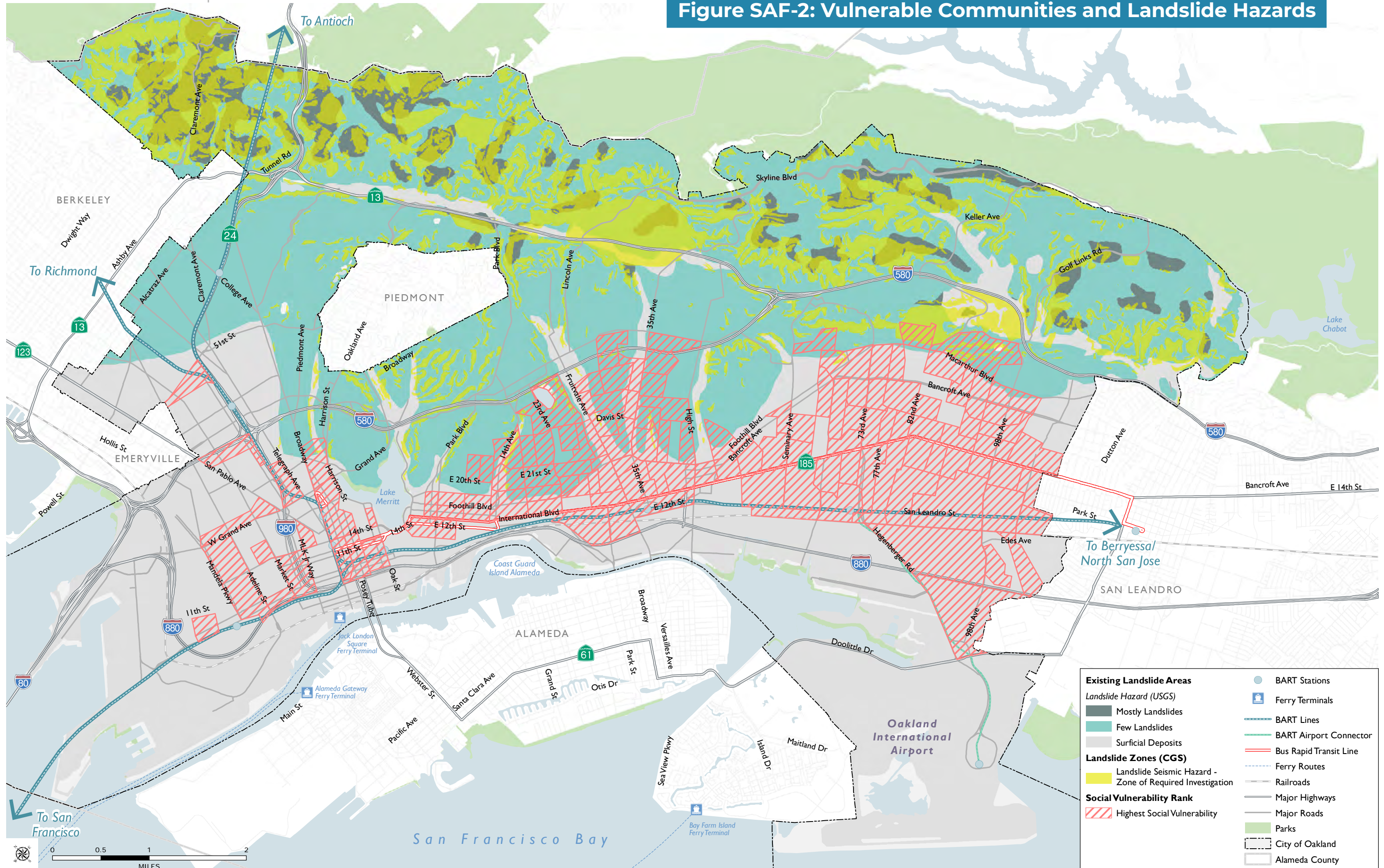
**ATTACHMENT A: AREAS OF HIGHEST
SOCIAL VULNERABILITY IN OAKLAND**

Figure SAF-1: Vulnerable Communities and Seismic Hazards



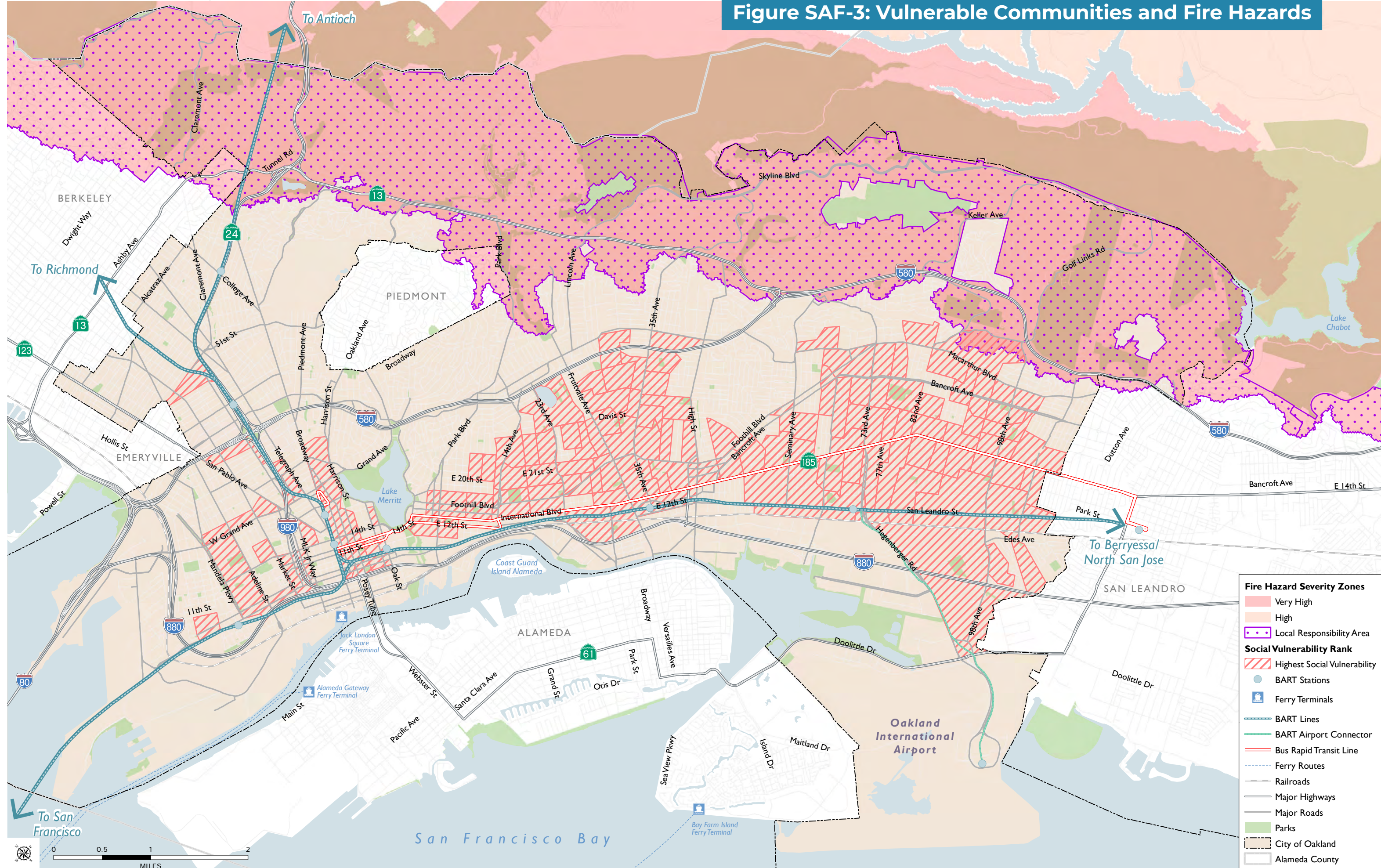
SOURCE: ESA, 2022; BCDC, 2020; City of Oakland, 2021; ALAMEDA County GIS, 2021; Dyett & Bhatia, 2021

Figure SAF-2: Vulnerable Communities and Landslide Hazards



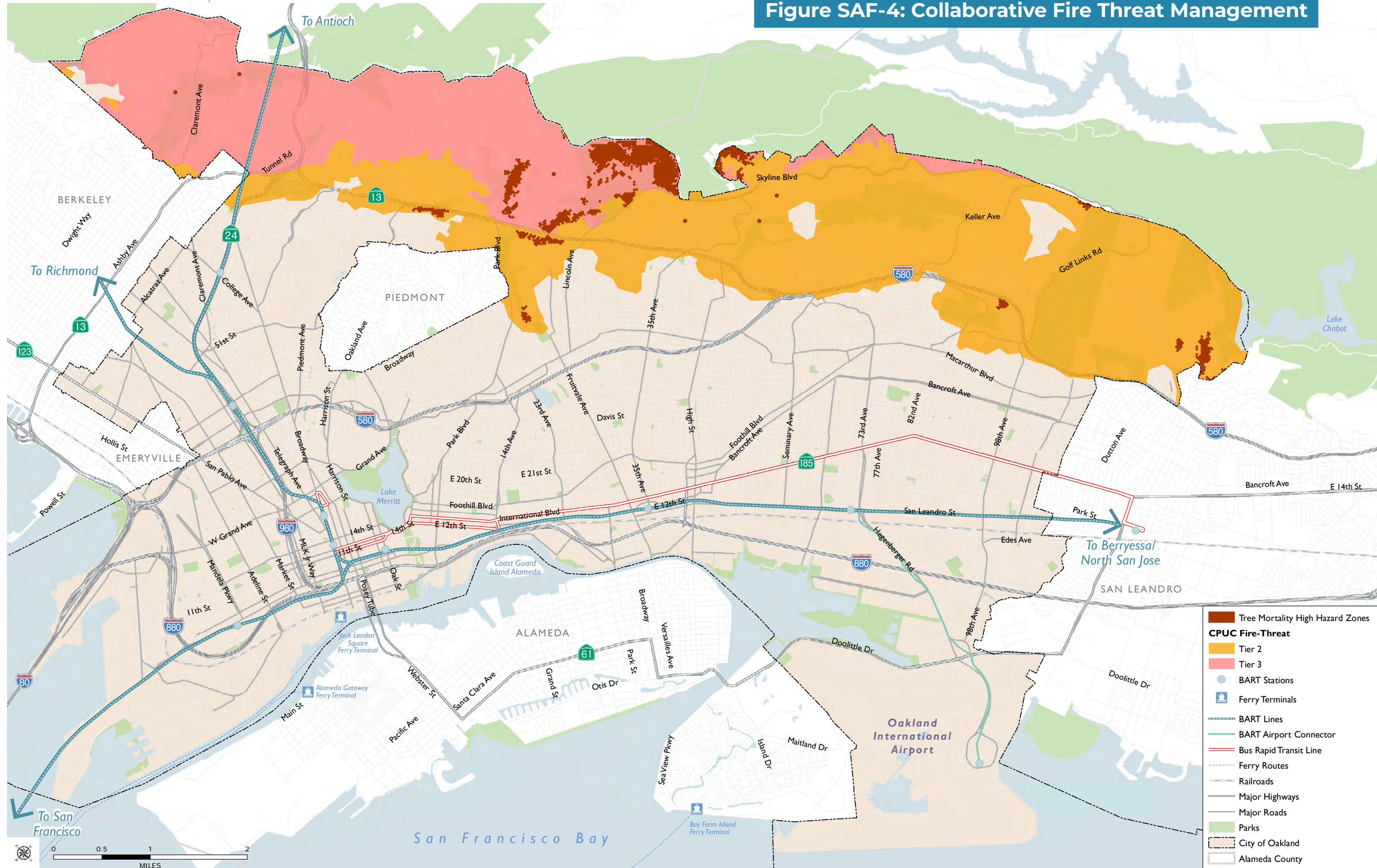
SOURCE: BCDC, 2020; CGS Information Warehouse, Department of Conservation, data accessed 2022; MTC/ABAG Hazard Viewer, data accessed 2021; City of Oakland, 2021; ALAMEDA County GIS, 2021; Dyett & Bhatia, 2022

Figure SAF-3: Vulnerable Communities and Fire Hazards



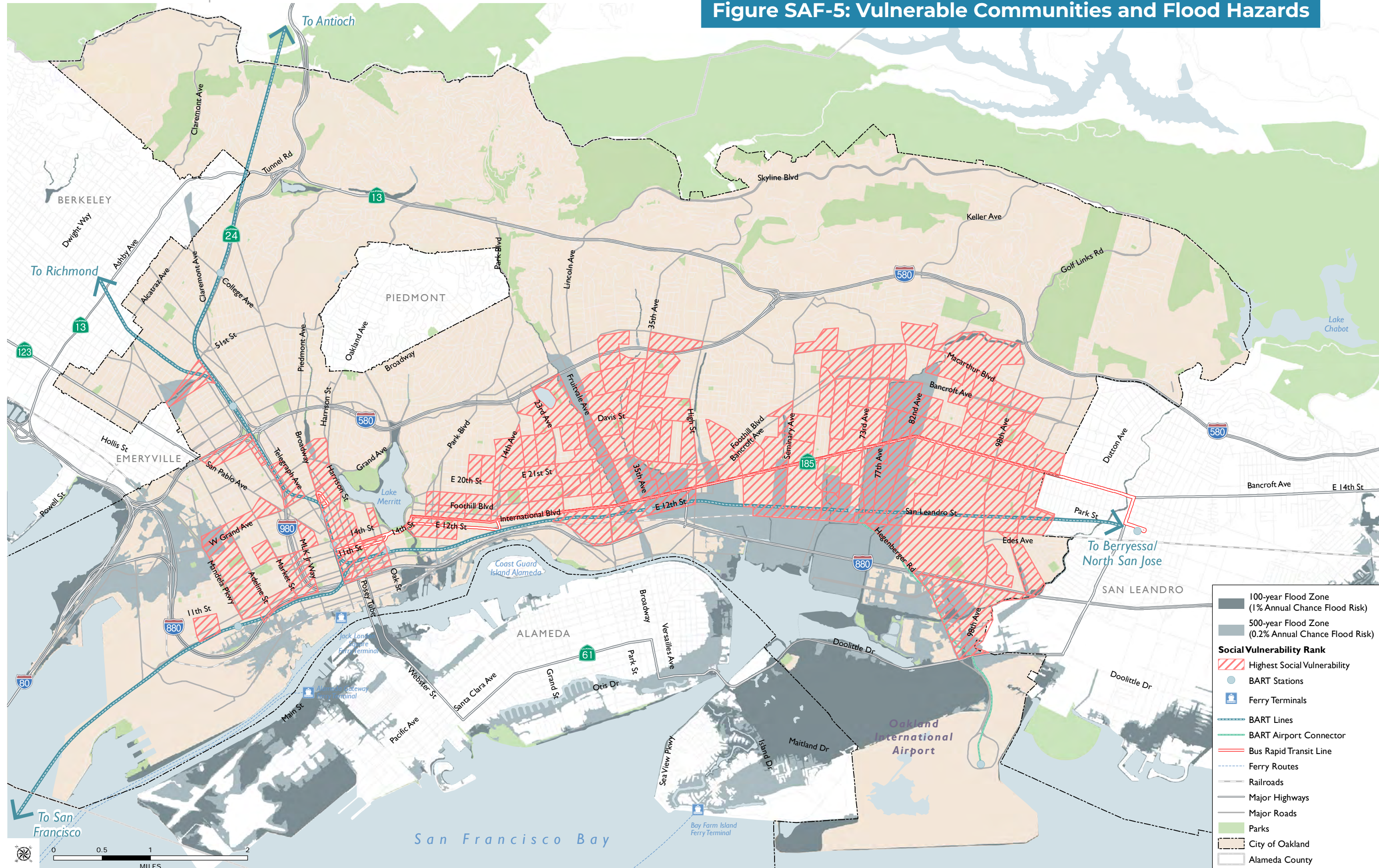
SOURCE: ESA, 2022; BCDC, 2020; City of Oakland, 2021; ALAMEDA County GIS, 2021; Dyett & Bhatia, 2021

Figure SAF-4: Collaborative Fire Threat Management



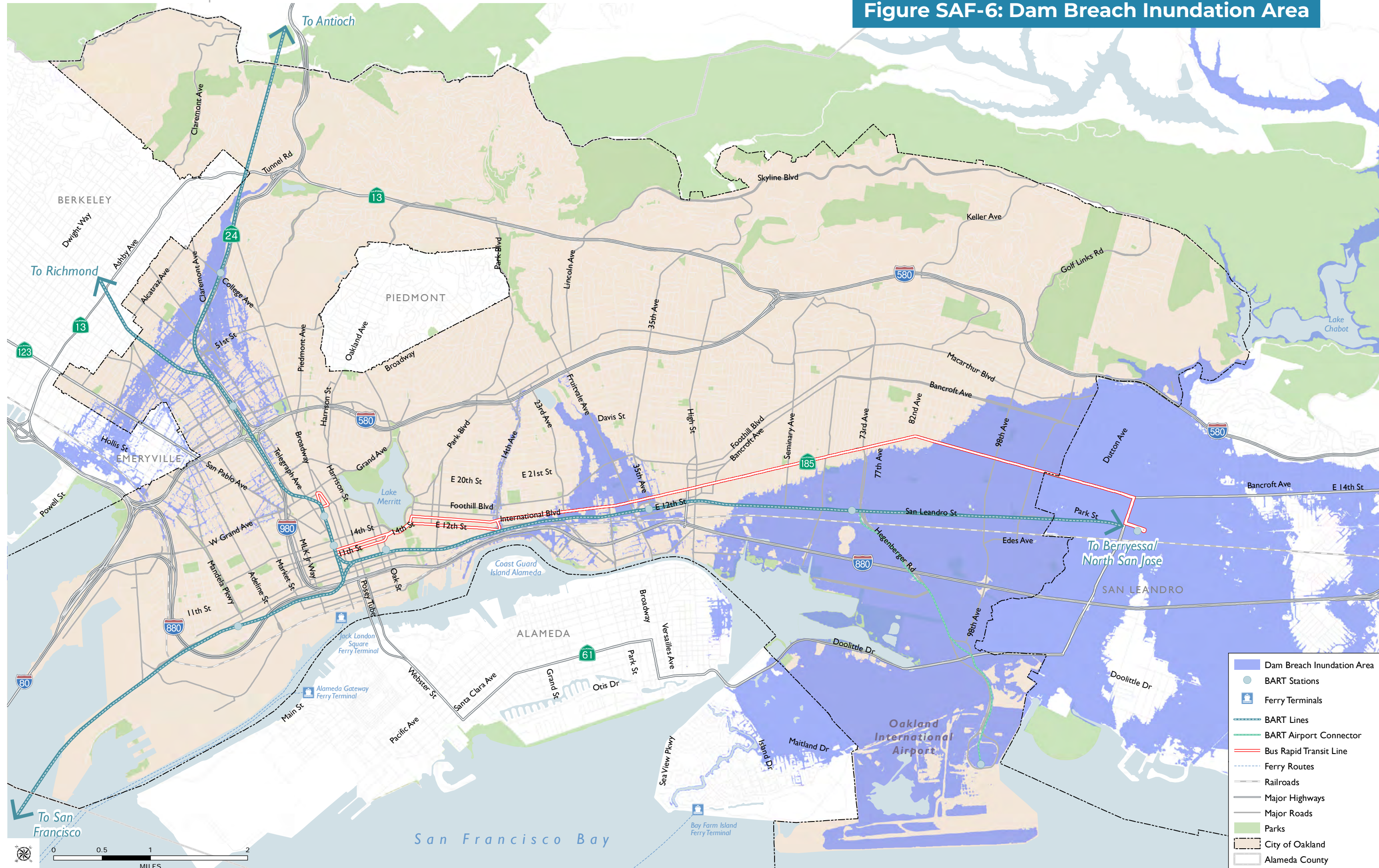
SOURCE: ESA, 2022; City of Oakland, 2021; ALAMEDA County GIS, 2021; Dyett & Bhatia, 2022

Figure SAF-5: Vulnerable Communities and Flood Hazards



SOURCE: ESA, 2022; BCDC, 2020; City of Oakland, 2021; ALAMEDA County GIS, 2021; Dyett & Bhatia, 2022

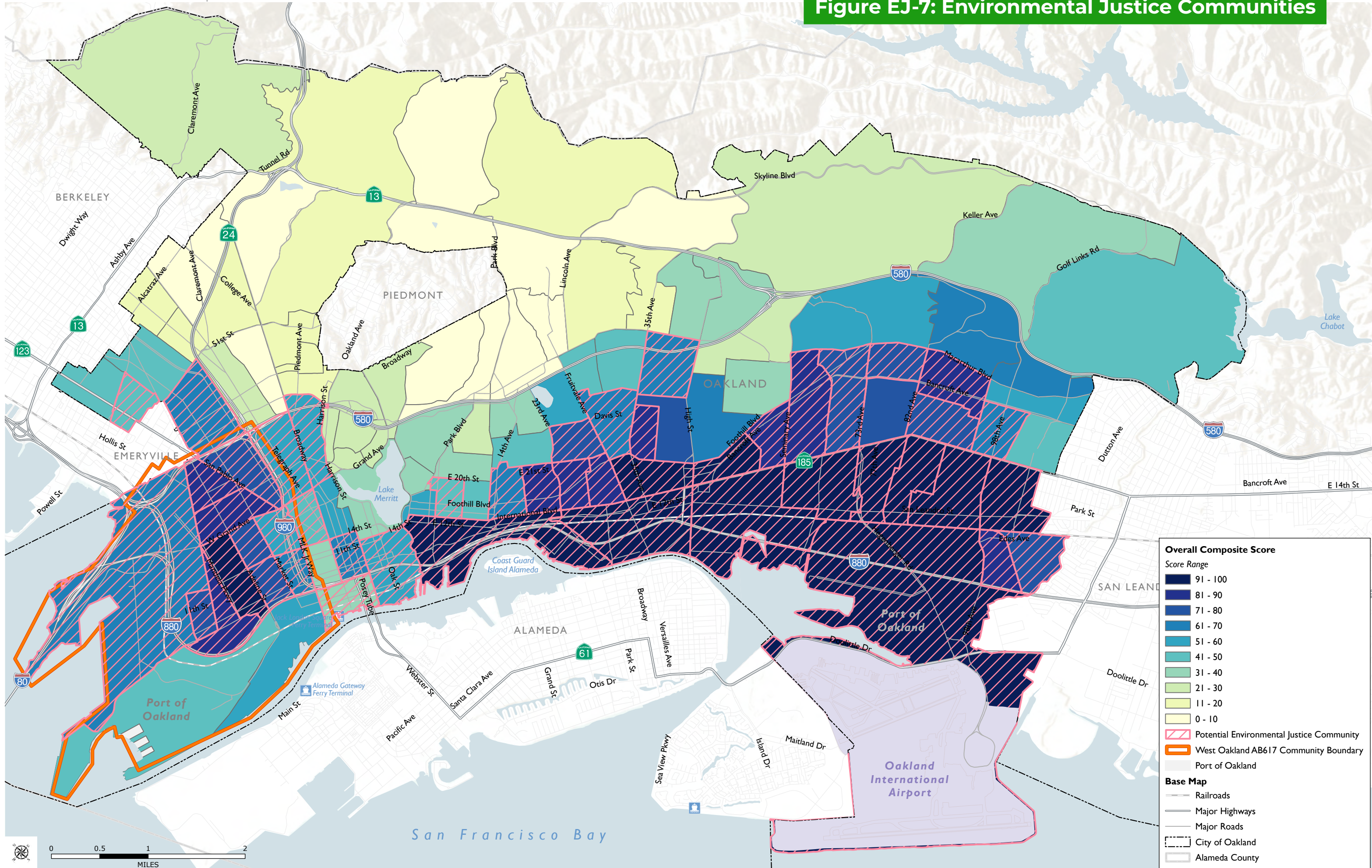
Figure SAF-6: Dam Breach Inundation Area



SOURCE: ESA, 2022; City of Oakland, 2021; ALAMEDA County GIS, 2021; Dyett & Bhatia, 2022

**ATTACHMENT B: MAP OF ENVIRONMENTAL
JUSTICE COMMUNITIES IN OAKLAND**

Figure EJ-7: Environmental Justice Communities



SOURCE: City of Oakland, 2021; ALAMEDA County GIS, 2021; Dyett & Bhatia, 2022