CITY OF OAKLAND CALIFORNIA



OAKLAND REDEVELOPMENT SUCCESSOR AGENCY
(A FIDUCIARY FUND OF THE CITY OF OAKLAND)

FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

OAKLAND REDEVELOPMENT SUCCESSOR AGENCY FINANCIAL REPORT

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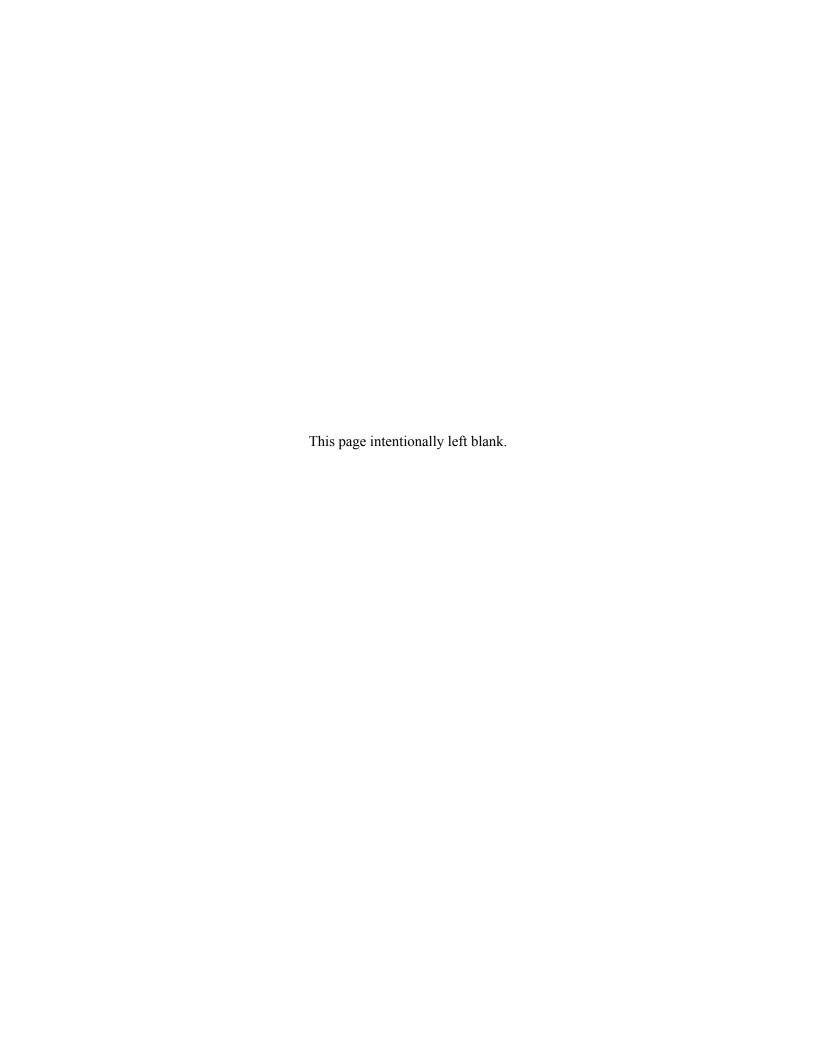
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(A Fiduciary Fund of the City of Oakland, California) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Oakland Redevelopment Successor Agency Oakland, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Oakland Redevelopment Successor Agency (Agency), a fiduciary fund of the City of Oakland, California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Agency as of June 30, 2024, and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Agency and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The Agency's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Agency's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Agency's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The combining schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

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In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 13, 2024 on our consideration of the Agency's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Agency's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Walnut Creek, California December 13, 2024 This page left intentionally blank.

(A Fiduciary Fund of the City of Oakland, California)

Management's Discussion and Analysis - Unaudited For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

As management of the Oakland Redevelopment Successor Agency of the City of Oakland (ORSA), we offer readers of the ORSA's basic financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the ORSA for the year ended June 30, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the ORSA's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

On May 29, 2013, the California Department of Finance (DOF) issued its finding on the ORSA using excess bond proceeds from bonds issued prior to 2011 pursuant to Health and Safety Code (HSC) section 34191.4 Based on DOF's findings, the former Oakland Redevelopment Successor Agency Oversight Board approved the ORSA's Bond Expenditure Agreement between the ORSA and the City of Oakland (City) that would transfer current and future excess tax allocation bond proceeds to the City to fund redevelopment projects and programs already in place on July 29, 2013. The Oakland Redevelopment Successor Agency Oversight Board was dissolved in 2018 and replaced by the County of Alameda Countywide Oversight Board (Oversight Board). ORSA has continued to transfer excess bond proceeds to the City as they have become available. For the year ended June 30, 2024, ORSA reported a total transfer of excess tax allocation bond proceeds of \$0.5 million to the City as approved by DOF.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the ORSA's basic financial statements. The ORSA's basic financial statements comprise two components: 1) basic financial statements and 2) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements. These financial statements are prepared on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At the close of June 30, 2024, the ORSA has a negative net position of \$149.6 million. Under the former California Redevelopment Law, the former Agency issued bonds or incurred long-term debt to finance its redevelopment projects by pledging future tax increment revenues (See Note 6 to the basic financial statements).

In general, the ORSA's assets can only be used to pay enforceable obligations in existence at the date of dissolution (including the completion of any unfinished projects that were subject to legally enforceable contractual commitments). These include public projects such as public parking, street improvements, park improvements, transportation improvements, cultural facilities, and community centers. Once redevelopment projects that were public facilities were completed by the former Agency, the responsibilities for their continued maintenance and operations were transferred to the appropriate public entity such as the City, including the capitalized redevelopment project costs.

In addition, completed projects with private developers were also transferred to the developers in accordance with disposition and development agreements. Although completed public facilities and joint agency-private partnership projects were transferred to the City or private entities, the related debt remained with the former redevelopment agency and was transferred to the ORSA.

(A Fiduciary Fund of the City of Oakland, California)

Management's Discussion and Analysis - Unaudited For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Shown below is a schedule that summarizes the ORSA's net position held in trust:

Condensed Statements of Fiduciary Net Position (In thousands)

Assets	Ju	June 30, 2024		24 June 30, 2023		\$ Change	
Current and other assets	\$	25,837	\$	40,348	\$	(14,511)	
Restricted cash and investments		14,731		3,264		11,467	
Loans receivable, net		3,571		3,608		(37)	
Property held for resale		2,818		2,818		_	
Total Assets		46,957		50,038		(3,081)	
Deferred Outflows of Resources		10,070		10,804		(734)	
Liabilities							
Other liabilities		6,182		9,952		(3,770)	
Long-term liabilities		200,160		210,496		(10,336)	
Total Liabilities		206,342		220,448		(14,106)	
Deferred Inflows of Resources		251		284		(33)	
Total Net Position	\$	(149,566)	\$	(159,890)	\$	10,324	

At June 30, 2024, the ORSA's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources, resulting in a net deficit of \$149.6 million. This represents a \$10.3 million deficit reduction compared to the net position at June 30, 2023. The significant changes in the statement of net position are due to the following:

- Total assets were \$47.0 million, an overall decrease of \$3.1 million compared to \$50.0 million at June 30, 2023. The overall decrease is mainly due to the write-off of \$2.7 million receivable for West Oakland Loan Indebtedness. On an individual assets level, the \$14.5 million decrease in current and other assets and \$11.5 million increase in restricted cash and investments reflects a shift in allocation of cash resources. Following DOF's guidance, beginning with fiscal year 2024, the Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund (RPTTF) funds received for debt payments are transmitted to the trustee as restricted cash upon receipt.
- Deferred outflows of resources of \$10.1 million at June 30, 2024 decreased by \$0.7 million when compared to \$10.8 million at June 30, 2023. The decrease is due to scheduled annual amortization of overall accounting loss on debt refunding.
- The \$3.8 million decrease in other liabilities was due to the write-off of \$2.7 million West Oakland Loan Indebtedness to the City and also decrease in current year payment of the excess tax allocation bond proceeds in fiscal year 2024.
- The \$10.3 million decrease in long-term liabilities was due to \$10.0 million scheduled debt service payments combined with a net \$0.3 million scheduled reduction in premiums and discounts on long-term debt.

(A Fiduciary Fund of the City of Oakland, California)

Management's Discussion and Analysis - Unaudited For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Condensed Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position (In thousands)

	 ear Ended ne 30, 2024	 ar Ended ne 30, 2023	\$ Change
Additions			
Redevelopment property tax revenues	\$ 21,893	\$ 26,690	\$ (4,797)
Other revenues	2,472	 1,874	 598
Total additions	24,365	28,564	 (4,199)
Deductions			
General and administrative	1,214	1,295	(81)
Project expenses	1,632	293	1,339
Interest on debt	10,648	10,971	(323)
Transfer of excess tax allocation bond proceeds to the City, approved by the California Department of Finance	547	1,501	(954)
Total deductions	 14,041	14,060	 (19)
Change in net position	10,324	14,504	(4,180)
Net position, beginning	(159,890)	 (174,394)	 14,504
Net position, end of year	\$ (149,566)	\$ (159,890)	\$ 10,324

Key elements of the ORSA's additions and deductions are presented below:

- The ORSA's additions for FY 2024 were \$24.4 million, a reduction of \$4.2 million compared to \$28.6 million for FY 2023. On the individual addition level, redevelopment property tax revenue received from the County decreased by \$4.8 million, correlating with funds needed to pay obligations in the Recognized Obligation Payment Schedules after accounting for existing cash balances available to pay those obligations. Other revenues increased by \$0.6 million compared to FY 2023 due to increase in interest on investments.
- The ORSA's deductions for FY 2024 were \$14.0 million compared to \$14.1 million for FY 2023, a decrease of \$0.02 million. The net decrease was mainly due to a reduction of \$1.0 million in transfer of excess tax allocation bond proceeds to the City and rise of \$1.3 million in project expenses.

(A Fiduciary Fund of the City of Oakland, California)

Management's Discussion and Analysis - Unaudited For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2024, the ORSA had long-term bonds outstanding principal totaling \$197.6 million, a decrease of \$10.0 million from FY 2023 as a result of scheduled debt service payments on outstanding long-term bonds, which are backed by redevelopment property tax revenues.

The breakdown of the long-term debt is as follows (in thousands):

	Ju	ne 30, 2024	Jun	e 30, 2023
Long-Term Debt				
Tax allocation bonds	\$	91,460	\$	96,990
Housing set-aside bonds		106,130		110,625
Subtotal - Bonds outstanding		197,590		207,615
Unamortized amounts:				
Premiums and discounts		2,570		2,881
Total long-term debt	\$	200,160	\$	210,496

Bond Ratings

Bond ratings reflect the strength of the ORSA's underlying tax base. Credit strengths include the ORSA's large project area, sizable incremental and assessed valuation, solid and improving debt service coverage, and effectively closed lien due to the dissolution of redevelopment.

The table below shows ORSA bond ratings for the outstanding bonds as of June 30, 2024:

	Ratings			
Type of Obligation	Moody's	S & P	Fitch	
Tax Allocation Bonds:				
Coliseum Area Redevelopment Project				
Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2006B-T	A1	AA-	N/A	
Central City East Redevelopment Project				
Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2006A-T	A1	A+	N/A	
Broadway/MacArthur/San Pablo Redevelopment Project				
Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2006C-T	A1	AA	N/A	
Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2010T	N/A	AA-	N/A	
Subordinated Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds:				
Series 2015-TE, 2015-T	N/A	AA-/AA*	N/A	
Series 2018-TE, 2018-T	N/A	AA-	N/A	

^{*} Insured rating.

(A Fiduciary Fund of the City of Oakland, California)

Management's Discussion and Analysis - Unaudited For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

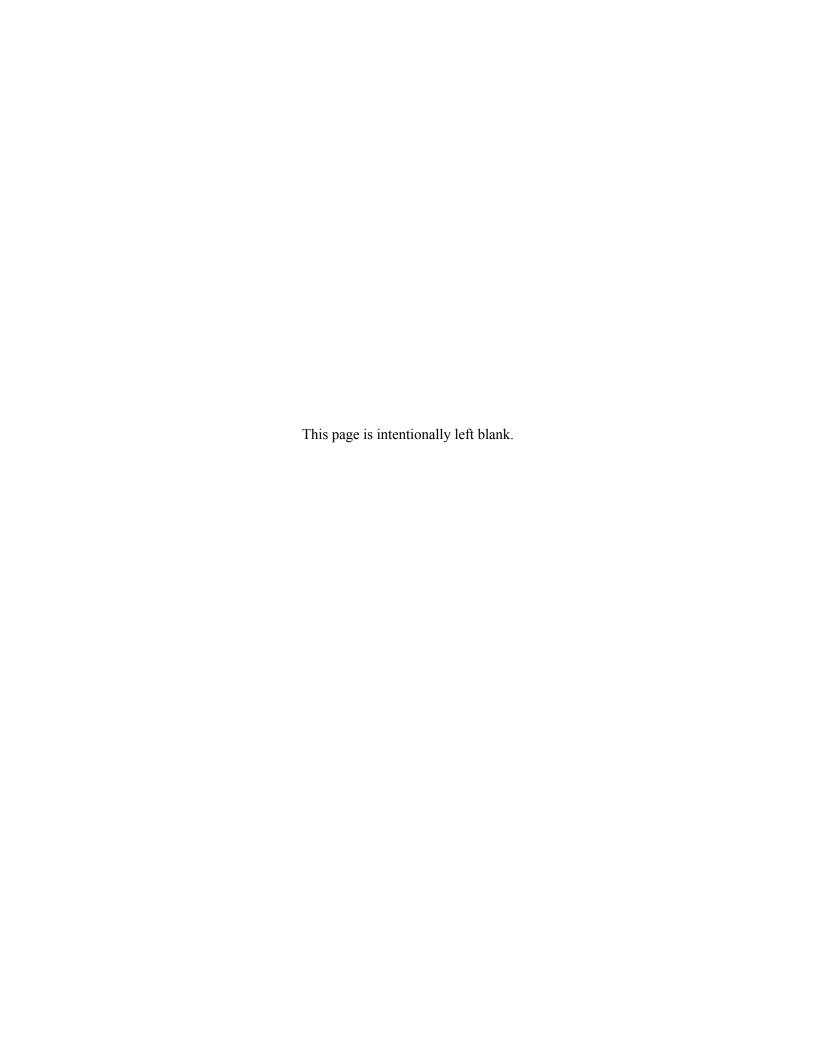
REVENUES AND RECOGNIZED OBLIGATIONS PAYMENT SCHEDULE

The ORSA is required to adopt a Recognized Obligation Payments Schedule (ROPS). The ROPS, listing all enforceable obligations due and payable, is prepared in a manner provided by the DOF and is the basis for the distribution of property tax revenues from the Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund. The ROPS represents the ORSA's annual budget. Pursuant to HSC section 34177.7(o)(1), commencing with the ROPS covering the period from July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017 and thereafter, the ORSA is required to submit its Oversight Board approved annual ROPS to DOF and the Alameda County Auditor-Controller by February 1, 2016 and each February 1st thereafter.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the ORSA's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Department, Controller's Bureau, City of Oakland, 150 Frank H. Ogawa Plaza, Suite 6353, Oakland, California 94612-2093. Additional financial data may also be found on the Alameda County Countywide Oversight Board website (https://www.acgov.org/bc/cob/index.htm) as well as the former Oakland Redevelopment Successor Agency Oversight Board website (https://www.oaklandca.gov/topics/redevelopment-successor-agency-oversight-board).

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



(A Fiduciary Fund of the City of Oakland, California)
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
June 30, 2024
(In Thousands)

ASSETS

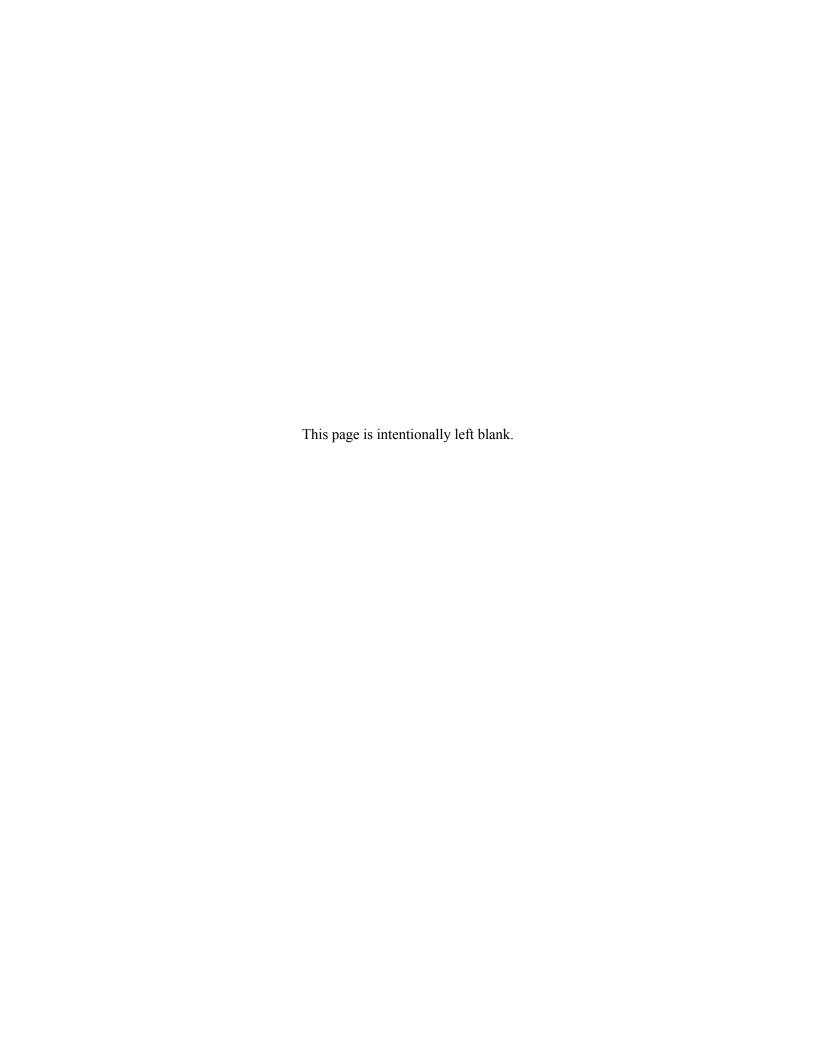
Current assets:		
Cash and investments	\$	24,214
Accrued interest receivable		447
Prepaid expenses		1,176
Restricted investments		14,731
Total current assets		40,568
Noncurrent assets:		
Loans receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles of \$3,918)		3,571
Property held for resale		2,818
Total noncurrent assets		6,389
Total assets		46,957
	'	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Unamortized losses on refunding of debts		10,070
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		49
Accrued interest payable		3,330
Due to the City of Oakland		2,754
Deposits and other liabilities		49
Total current liabilities		6,182
Long-term liabilities:		
Due within one year		10,796
Due in more than one year		189,364
Total long-term liabilities		200,160
m + 11: 12:2		206.242
Total liabilities		206,342
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Unamortized gains on refunding of debts		251
NET POSITION		
Restricted for redevelopment	\$	(149,566)
•		

(A Fiduciary Fund of the City of Oakland, California) Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (In Thousands)

ADDITIONS

Redevelopment property tax revenues	\$ 21,893
Investment income:	
Interest on investments	1,446
Net change in fair value of investments	(6)
Federal and State grants	213
Other	819
Total additions	24,365
DEDUCTIONS	
General and administrative:	
Salaries, wages and benefits	1,131
Materials, supplies and other services	83
Project expenses	1,632
Interest on debt	10,648
Transfer of excess tax allocation bond proceeds to the City, approved by the California Department of Finance	547
Total deductions	14,041
	10.224
Change in net position	10,324
Net position, beginning of year	(159,890)
Net position, ending of year	\$ (149,566)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



(A Fiduciary Fund of the City of Oakland, California)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (In Thousands)

NOTE 1 – REPORTING ENTITY

The Redevelopment Agency of the City of Oakland (Agency) was established in 1956 by the Oakland City Council as a public entity legally separate from the City. Until June 28, 2011, the Agency had the authority to acquire, rehabilitate, develop, administer, and sell or lease property in a "Redevelopment Area." Redevelopment projects are developed in cooperation with private developers. Public redevelopment projects are also developed under cooperation agreements between the Agency and the City or other public entity that will own the project.

On June 28, 2011, the State of California enacted Assembly Bill X1 26 (AB X1 26). This legislation is referred to herein as the Redevelopment Dissolution Law. On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld the constitutionality of AB X1 26 and all redevelopment agencies in California were dissolved by operation of law effective February 1, 2012. The legislation provides for the successor agencies and oversight boards that are responsible for overseeing the dissolution process and the wind-down of redevelopment activity. On January 10, 2012, Oakland's City Council affirmed its decision as part of City Resolution Number 83679 C.M.S. to serve as the Oakland Redevelopment Successor Agency (ORSA) of the City, effective February 1, 2012. Also upon dissolution, the City Council elected as part of Resolution Number 83680 C.M.S. to retain the housing assets, functions, and powers previously performed by the former Agency.

ORSA was created to serve as a custodian of the assets and to wind down the affairs of the former Agency. ORSA is a separate public entity from the City, subject to the direction of the County of Alameda Countywide Oversight Board. As such, ORSA is reported as a fiduciary fund of the City. Pursuant to SB 107, as of June 30, 2024, there are seven Countywide Oversight Board members as follows:

- One appointed by the County Board of Supervisors,
- One appointed by the City selection committee,
- One appointed by the independent Special District Selection Committee,
- One appointed by the County Superintendent of Education,
- One appointed by the Chancellor of the California Community Colleges,
- One member of the public, and
- One member appointed by the recognized employee organization representing the largest number of successor agency employees in the County.

In general, ORSA's assets can only be used to pay enforceable obligations in existence at the date of dissolution (including the completion of any unfinished projects that were subject to legally enforceable contractual commitments). In future fiscal years, ORSA will only be allocated revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations of the former Agency until all enforceable obligations of the former Agency have been paid in full and all assets have been liquidated. Based upon the nature of ORSA's custodial role, ORSA is reported in a fiduciary fund (private-purpose trust fund) in the City's financial statements.

In September 2015, the State passed the Senate Bill 107 (the Bill), which contains additional provisions and provides specificity to existing law governing the dissolution of redevelopment agencies and the wind-down of their existing activities and obligations. The Bill includes specific language to ORSA that facilitates the issuance of bonds or other indebtedness for the purposes of low and moderate income housing and various

(A Fiduciary Fund of the City of Oakland, California)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (In Thousands)

NOTE 1 - REPORTING ENTITY (CONTINUED)

infrastructure in the City, by allowing the pledge of revenues available in the Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund that are not otherwise pledged, subject to the approval of the Oversight Board.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Investments

ORSA records investment transactions on the trade date. Investments are reported at fair value or at net asset value. ORSA measures its investments at fair value and categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value is a market-based measurement, using observable market transactions or available market information. Investment income, including unrealized gains and losses from investments, is recognized as revenue.

ORSA follows the practice of pooling cash of all operating funds for investment. Income or losses arising from the investment of pooled cash are allocated on a monthly basis to the participating funds based on their proportionate share of the average daily cash balance.

Proceeds from debt and other funds which are restricted for the payment of debt or for enforceable obligations in the Recognized Obligations Payment Schedules (ROPS) and held by fiscal agents by agreement are classified as restricted assets.

ORSA measures the fair value of its investments within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The following levels indicate the hierarchy of inputs used to measure fair value and the primary valuation methodologies used for financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

(A Fiduciary Fund of the City of Oakland, California)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (In Thousands)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- Level 1 Investments whose values are based on quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Investments with inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 Investments classified as Level 3 have unobservable inputs for an asset and may require a degree of professional judgment.

Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund Revenues

Pursuant to the Redevelopment Dissolution Law, funds that would have been distributed to the former Agency as tax increment, hereafter referred to as redevelopment property tax revenues, are deposited into ORSA's Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund (RPTTF) administered by the County of Alameda's Auditor-Controller for the benefit of holders of the former Agency's enforceable obligations and the taxing entities that receive pass-through payments. After deducting its administrative costs, the County of Alameda (the County) must distribute the collected redevelopment property tax revenue into the ORSA's RPTTF twice each year as follows:

Distribution Date	Covers ROPS to be Paid*		
January 2	January 1 through June 30		
June 1	July 1 through December 31		

^{*} The amounts distributed for ROPS are forward looking to the next six month period.

The Redevelopment Dissolution Law requires the County to disburse funds from the RPTTF in the following order: (1) for payments local agencies and schools would have received from the collected revenue before dissolution and for any pass-through payments pursuant to agreement; (2) for payment of the former redevelopment agency's enforceable obligations; (3) for payment of the ORSA's administrative expenses; and (4) to local taxing agencies.

If there are insufficient funds available in the RPTTF to pay all enforceable obligations, the Redevelopment Dissolution Law requires the County to reduce or eliminate the above-listed distributions in the following order: (1) to reduce or eliminate distributions to local taxing agencies; (2) to reduce or eliminate payment of the ORSA's administrative expenses; and (3) to deduct the amount required to meet the former redevelopment agency's bond debt service from pass-through payments.

The hierarchy of payment for enforceable obligations on the ORSA's ROPS is as follows: (1) debt service on tax allocation bonds; (2) debt service on revenue bonds; (3) all other obligations; and (4) the ORSA's administrative costs. The maximum administrative cost allowance is the greater of \$250,000 or three percent of the revenue allocated to the ORSA.

Restricted Assets

Assets are restricted for specified uses by bond debt requirements, grant provisions or other requirements and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants or agreements.

(A Fiduciary Fund of the City of Oakland, California)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (In Thousands)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Property Held for Resale

For financial statement presentation, property held for resale is stated at the lower of estimated cost or estimated conveyance value. Estimated conveyance value is management's estimation of net realizable value of each property parcel based on its current use. The ORSA does not depreciate property held for resale, as it is the intention of the ORSA to only hold the property for a period of time until it can be resold for development. California DOF (Department of Finance) has approved ORSA's Long-Range Property Management Plan (LRPMP) of its use or disposition of properties on May 29, 2014, as discussed in Note 5.

Long-term Debt

The former Agency and ORSA issued Tax Allocation Bonds and Housing Set-Aside Bonds to finance housing and other redevelopment projects and to refund outstanding debt. Bonds payable are reported at face value, net of applicable premiums and discounts. The premiums and discounts are amortized as a component of interest expense on a straight-line basis over the remaining life of the debt instrument. Costs related to the issuance of bonds are reported as an expense. Gains or losses occurring from refunding of debt are reported as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, respectively, and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded debt or refunding debt. Amortization of these balances is recorded as a component of interest expense.

Transfer of Excess Bond Proceeds

The transfer of excess bond proceeds to the City as requested by ORSA and approved by DOF pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 34179 (h) fulfills ORSA's Bond Expenditure Agreement (BEA) with the City. The BEA authorizes the transfers of "excess" or unobligated bond funds from ORSA to the City. For the year ended June 30, 2024, ORSA transferred \$0.5 million of excess bond proceeds to the City upon approval on the current operational ROPS.

New GASB Pronouncements Adopted

During the year ended June 30, 2024, the ORSA implemented certain accounting standards including GASB Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*. The adoption of this statement did not have a material impact for the ORSA's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2024.

The ORSA is currently analyzing its accounting practices to determine the potential impact on the financial statements of certain new accounting standards pronouncements issued by the GASB, including GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences; GASB Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures; GASB Statement No. 103, Financial Reporting Model Improvements; and GASB Statement No. 104, Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets.

(A Fiduciary Fund of the City of Oakland, California)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (In Thousands)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The ORSA's cash and investments consist of the following at June 30, 2024:

Unrestricted cash and investments:	
Demand deposits	\$ 4,233
Investments	 19,981
Total unrestricted cash and investments	24,214
Restricted investments	 14,731
Total cash and investments	\$ 38,945

Investments

The ORSA follows the City's Investment Policy, which is governed by provisions of the California Government Code 53600 and the City's Municipal Code. The ORSA also has investments subject to provisions of the bond indentures of the former Agency's and ORSA's various bond issues. According to the Investment Policy and bond indentures, the ORSA is permitted to invest in the State of California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), obligations of the U.S. Treasury or U.S. government agencies, time deposits, money market mutual funds invested in U.S. government securities, along with various other permitted investments. Under the provisions of the bond indentures, certain accounts with trustees were established for repayment of debt, amounts required to be held in reserve, and temporary investments for unexpended bond proceeds.

	Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)		meas net a	estments ured at the sset value NAV)
Unrestricted investments:				
U.S. Government Agency Securities (Discount)	\$	17,981	\$	_
Money Market Mutual Funds				2,000
Restricted investments:				
Money Market Mutual Funds		<u> </u>		14,731
Total	\$	17,981	\$	16,731

(A Fiduciary Fund of the City of Oakland, California)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (In Thousands)

NOTE 3 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, ORSA will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, ORSA will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party.

The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure its deposits made by State or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by the depository regulated under State law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged governmental securities and/or first trust deed mortgage notes held in the collateral pool must be at least 110% and 150% of ORSA's deposits, respectively. The collateral is held by the pledging financial institution's trust department and is held in the ORSA's name.

As of June 30, 2024, the carrying amount of the ORSA's deposits was \$4.2 million. The deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance coverage limit of \$0.2 million, and the remaining bank balance of \$4.0 million is collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions as required by Section 53652 of the California Government Code.

ORSA invests in individual investments. Individual investments are evidenced by specific identifiable securities instruments, or by an electronic entry registering the owner in the records of the institution issuing the security, called the book entry system. In order to increase security, the ORSA employs the trust department of a bank or trustee as the custodian of certain ORSA investments, regardless of their form.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This risk is measured by the assignment of a rating by the nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The ORSA's Investment Policy has mitigated credit risk by limiting investments to the safest types of securities, by prequalifying financial institutions, by diversifying the portfolio and by establishing monitoring procedures.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market rates. ORSA's Investment Policy has mitigated interest rate risk by establishing policies over liquidity.

(A Fiduciary Fund of the City of Oakland, California)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (In Thousands)

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

As of June 30, 2024, ORSA had the following investments, credit risk ratings, and maturities:

Type of Investment	Current Yield (%)	Credit Ratings (S&P)	ties Less than I Year
Unrestricted investments:			
U.S. Government Agency Securities (Discount)	6.31	AA	\$ 17,981
Money Market Mutual Funds	5.25	AAA	 2,000
Total unrestricted investments			\$ 19,981
Restricted investments:			
Money Market Mutual Funds	5.12	AAA	\$ 14,731
Total restricted investments			\$ 14,731

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk that the failure of any one issuer would place an undue financial burden on ORSA. Investments issued by or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments are exempt from this requirement, as they are normally diversified themselves. The following table shows ORSA's investments in an issuer that exceeds 5% of the ORSA's total unrestricted and restricted investment portfolio at June 30, 2024:

Type of Investment/Issuer	A	mount	% of Portfolio
U.S. Government Agency Securities			
Federal Home Loan Bank	\$	17,981	51.8%

NOTE 4 – LOANS RECEIVABLE

ORSA inherited loans from the former Agency. The loans are secured by the projects the borrower obligated with the former Agency, do not bear interest, and mature on various dates up to May 2070. A loan is deemed uncollectible when the property securing the loan is foreclosed by senior lien holder and there is insufficient equity to pay the loan. Composition of loans receivable as of June 30, 2024 is as follows:

Housing development project loans	\$ 1,462
Economic development loans	6,027
Gross loans receivable	7,489
Allowance for uncollectable	(3,918)
Total loans receivable, net	\$ 3,571

(A Fiduciary Fund of the City of Oakland, California)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (In Thousands)

NOTE 5 – PROPERTY HELD FOR RESALE

As of June 30, 2024, ORSA has a total \$2.8 million for properties recorded at the lower of cost or estimated conveyance value. On May 29, 2014, pursuant to HSC Section 34191.4, the DOF approved the ORSA's LRPMP addressing the disposition and use of former Agency properties and authorizing the disposition of properties pursuant to the plan.

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of long-term debt as of June 30, 2024:

Type of Obligation		ginal Issued Amount	Issued Year	Maturity Fiscal Year	Interest Rate Range	June 30, 2024 Principal Balance		
Tax Allocation Bonds:								
Coliseum Area Redevelopment Project								
Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2006B-T	\$	73,820	2006	2036	5.54%	\$	45,185	
Central City East Redevelopment Project								
Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2006A-T		62,520	2006	2035	5.54%		33,755	
Broadway/MacArthur/San Pablo Redevelopment Project								
Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2006C-T		12,325	2006	2033	5.59%		5,825	
Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2010T		7,390	2010	2041	7.20% - 7.40%		6,695	
Subtotal		156,055					91,460	
ORSA Subordinated Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds:								
Series 2015-TE		22,510	2015	2037	5.00%		22,510	
Series 2015-T		66,675	2015	2036	4.16% - 4.92%		36,565	
Series 2018-TE		15,190	2018	2032	5.00%		15,190	
Series 2018-T		41,765	2018	2040	3.25% - 4.00%		31,865	
Subtotal		146,140					106,130	
Total long-term debt	\$	302,195				\$	197,590	

(A Fiduciary Fund of the City of Oakland, California)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (In Thousands)

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

A summary of the changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2024 follows:

	July 1, 2023		Deductions			ne 30, 2024	Due within One Year		
Bonds Payable:									
Tax allocation bonds	\$	96,990	\$	(5,530)	\$	91,460	\$	5,830	
Subordinated tax allocation refunding bonds		110,625		(4,495)		106,130		4,655	
Subtotal		207,615		(10,025)		197,590		10,485	
Less unamortized amounts:									
Issuance premiums		3,605		(354)		3,251		354	
Issuance discount		(724)		43		(681)		(43)	
Total	\$	210,496	\$	(10,336)	\$	200,160	\$	10,796	

Tax Allocation Bonds

The Tax Allocation Bonds (TAB), which are comprised of Series 2006B-T, Series 2006A-T, Series 2006C-T, and Series 2010T Bonds, were issued primarily to finance redevelopment projects and are all secured by pledge of redevelopment property tax revenues, consisting of a portion of taxes levied upon all taxable properties within each of the tax increment generating redevelopment project areas, and are equally and ratably secured on a parity with each TAB series.

As of June 30, 2024, the total principal and interest remaining on these TABs was \$127.0 million and the property tax revenues are pledged until fiscal year 2041, the final maturity date of the bonds. Debt service payments are requested through the ROPS as enforceable obligations until the debt obligations have been satisfied.

Subordinated Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds

The Subordinate Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds are comprised of Series 2015-TE and Series 2015-T Bonds (the Series 2015 Bonds) and Series 2018-TE and Series 2018-T Bonds (the Series 2018 Bonds). These Bonds are limited obligations of the ORSA and payable from and secured by pledged tax revenues. Pledged tax revenues exclude (i) tax revenues required to pay debt service on the existing TABs and (ii) amounts required to be paid to taxing entities pursuant to the Dissolution Act, unless such payments are subordinated.

As of June 30, 2024, the total principal and interest remaining on Series 2015 Bonds and Series 2018 Bonds was \$150.0 million and the property tax revenues are pledged until fiscal year 2040, the final maturity date of the bonds. The ORSA's debt service payments are requested through the ROPS as enforceable obligations until the debt obligations have been satisfied.

(A Fiduciary Fund of the City of Oakland, California)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (In Thousands)

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Events of Default and Acceleration Clauses

ORSA is considered to be in default if ORSA fails to pay the principal or redemption price of or sinking fund installment for, or interest on, any outstanding bond, when and as the same will become due and payable, whether on the interest payment date, at maturity, by call redemption, or otherwise. If ORSA defaults on its obligations under the bond indenture, the trustee has the right to accelerate the bonds. Each bond insurer will be entitled to control and direct the enforcement of all rights and remedies granted to the bond owners. In the event the maturity of a bond is accelerated, the bond insurer, in its sole discretion, may elect to pay accelerated principal and interest accrued, on such principal to the date of acceleration (to the extent unpaid by ORSA) and the trustee shall be required to accept such amounts. Upon payment of such accelerated principal and interest accrued to the acceleration date, the bond insurer's obligations under the insurance policy with respect to the bond shall be fully discharged. However, in the event of a default and such acceleration, there can be no assurance that the trustee will have sufficient moneys available for payment of the bonds.

Debt Service Requirements

The debt service requirements for all debt are based upon a fixed rate of interest. The annual requirements to amortize tax allocation bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2024, including mandatory sinking fund payments, are as follows:

Year Ending		Tax Alloca	ation !	Bonds	Su		Refunding Tax on Bonds			
June 30:	P	Principal		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2025	\$	5,830	\$	\$ 5,028		4,655	\$	4,796		
2026		6,150		4,695		4,825		4,597		
2027		6,490		4,344		5,055		4,364		
2028		6,845		3,973		4,575		4,136		
2029		7,225		3,581		4,585		3,918		
2030 - 2034		42,175		11,297		26,470		15,941		
2035 - 2039		13,905		2,435		50,320		6,050		
2040 - 2041		2,840		212		5,645		113		
TOTAL	\$	91,460	\$	35,565	\$	106,130	\$	43,915		

(A Fiduciary Fund of the City of Oakland, California)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (In Thousands)

NOTE 7 – TRANSACTIONS WITH THE CITY

City Expenses

In FY 2024, ORSA incurred a total of \$1.2 million expense in general administrative and project-related overhead. Of this amount, \$0.5 million reimbursed the City for general and administrative overhead and \$0.7 million paid for project-related overhead and operational costs for support services provided by designated City employees.

Due to the City

At June 30, 2024, ORSA has a payable to the City in the amount of \$2.8 million, which included the former Agency's Low and Moderate Housing Fund loan of \$1.4 million to the Central City East Project Funds where the Low and Moderate Housing Funds Assets were transferred to the Housing Successor, a payable of \$0.9 million to the City for support services and a payable of \$0.5 million to the City for the transfer of excess tax allocation bond proceeds.

NOTE 8 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Encumbrances

As of June 30, 2024, the ORSA had encumbered \$309.8 million for contracted obligations, per the ROPS covering the July 1, 2024 through June 30, 2025 period, which was approved by the DOF.

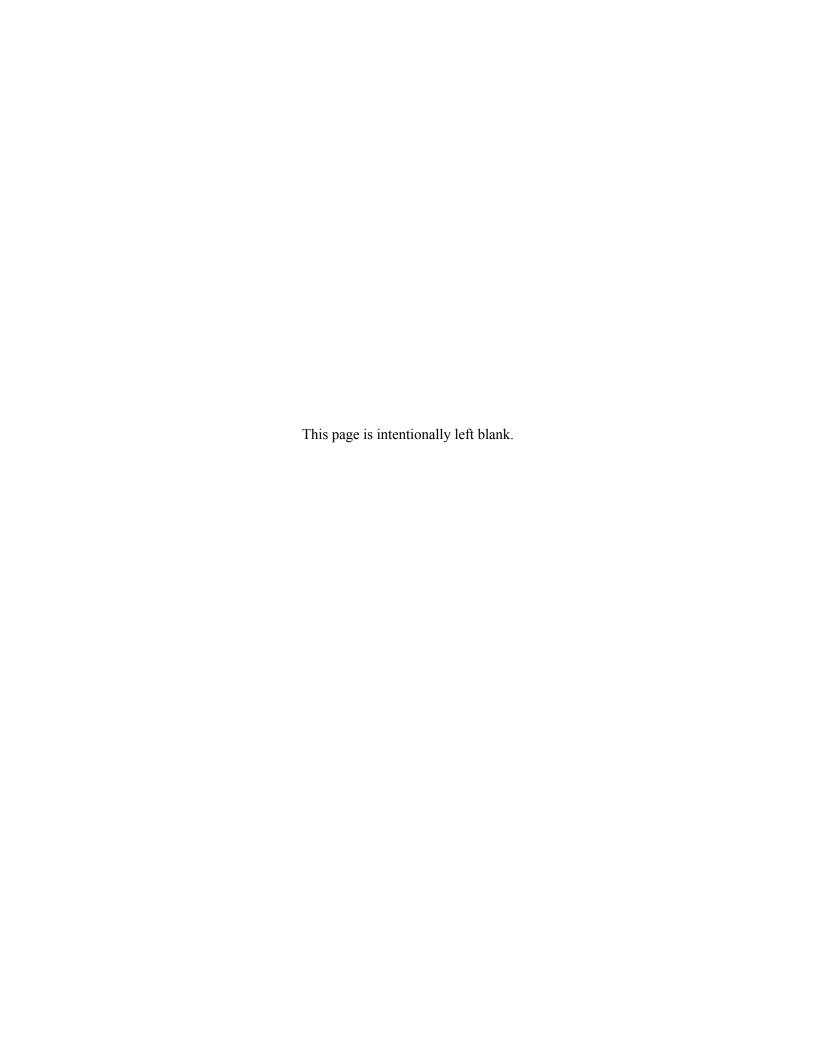
NOTE 9 - LITIGATION

Litigation/Unpaid Claims

The ORSA is subject to various claims and from time to time is involved in lawsuits in which damages are sought. As litigation is subject to many uncertainties and as the outcome of litigated matters cannot be predicted with certainty, it is reasonably possible that some of these legal actions could be decided unfavorably against the ORSA. In the opinion of the City Attorney's Office for the ORSA, none of these claims are expected to have a significant impact on the financial position or changes in financial position of the ORSA.

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OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



(A Fiduciary Fund of the City of Oakland, California)
Combining Schedule of Fiduciary Net Position
June 30, 2024
(In Thousands)

	Redevelopment Obligation Retirement Fund		Planning Fund	Capital Project Funds	Federal and State Grants Fund	Debt Service Funds	Total
ASSETS					- 1		
Current assets:							
Cash and investments	\$ 15	270	\$ 314	\$ 7,255	\$ 157	\$ 1,218	\$ 24,214
Accrued interest receivable		254	5	164	3	21	447
Prepaid expenses		_	_	_	_	1,176	1,176
Restricted investments				2,496		12,235	14,731
Total current assets	15	524	319	9,915	160	14,650	40,568
Noncurrent assets: Loans receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles of \$3,918)		_	35	3,536	_	_	3,571
Property held for resale		_	_	2,818	_	_	2,818
Total noncurrent assets			35	6,354		_	6,389
Total assets	15	524	354	16,269	160	14,650	46,957
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unamortized losses on refunding of debts		_	_	_	_	10,070	10,070
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		_	_	49	_		49
Accrued interest payable		_	_	_	_	3,330	3,330
Due to the City of Oakland		_	192	2,562	_	_	2,754
Deposits and other liabilities			7	42			49
Total current liabilities		_	199	2,653	_	3,330	6,182
Long-term liabilities:			_				
Due within one year		_	_	_	_	10,796	10,796
Due in more than one year			<u> </u>			189,364	189,364
Total long-term liabilities		_	_		_	200,160	200,160
Total liabilities			199	2,653		203,490	206,342
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unamortized gains on refunding of debts						251	251
NET POSITION							
Restricted for redevelopment	\$ 15.	524	\$ 155	\$ 13,616	\$ 160	\$ (179,021)	\$ (149,566)

(A Fiduciary Fund of the City of Oakland, California)
Combining Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024
(In Thousands)

	Redevelopment Obligation Retirement Fund	Planning Fund	Capital Project Funds	Federal and State Grants Fund	Debt Service Funds	Total
ADDITIONS						
Redevelopment property tax revenues	\$ 21,893	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 21,893
Investment income:						
Interest on investments	637	14	429	39	327	1,446
Net change in fair value of investments	(5)	_	_	(1)	_	(6)
Federal and State grants	_	_	_	_	213	213
Other	_	_	819	_	_	819
Total additions	22,525	14	1,248	38	540	24,365
DEDUCTIONS						
General and administrative:						
Salaries, wages and benefits	_	508	623	_	_	1,131
Materials, supplies and other services	_	25	58	_	_	83
Project expenses	_	4	161	1,467	_	1,632
Interest on debt	_	_	_	_	10,648	10,648
Transfer of excess tax allocation bond proceeds to the City, approved by the California Department of Finance	_	_	547	_	_	547
Total deductions		537	1,389	1,467	10,648	14,041
Net increase (decrease) before other financing sources (uses)	22,525	(523)	(141)	(1,429)	(10,108)	10,324
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	_	533	683	_	31,184	32,400
Transfers out	(32,313)	_	(80)	_	(7)	(32,400)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(32,313)	533	603		31,177	
Change in net position	(9,788)	10	462	(1,429)	21,069	10,324
Net position, beginning of year	25,312	145	13,154	1,589	(200,090)	(159,890)
Net position, ending of year	\$ 15,524	\$ 155	\$ 13,616	\$ 160	\$ (179,021)	\$ (149,566)

(A Fiduciary Fund of the City of Oakland, California)
Combining Schedule of Fiduciary Net Position for Capital Project Sub-Funds
June 30, 2024
(In Thousands)

	Central District		Central District		Coliseu	m	Central City East	Low and Moderate Housing		Broadway MacArthur San Pablo	Oak Arı Ba	ny	Other P	rojects	Capi	Total al Project Funds
ASSETS																
Current assets:																
Cash and investments	\$	2,096	\$	2,881	\$ 1,515	\$ 1,258	\$	99		(2,568)	\$	1,974	\$	7,255		
Accrued interest receivable		32		49	26	21		2		_		34		164		
Restricted investments		1		_	 71	2,416		8						2,496		
Total current assets		2,129		2,930	1,612	3,695		109		(2,568)		2,008		9,915		
Noncurrent assets:																
Loans receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles of \$3,918)		1,487		596	_	_		820		_		633		3,536		
Property held for resale		2,818				 								2,818		
Total noncurrent assets		4,305		596				820				633		6,354		
Total assets		6,434		3,526	 1,612	3,695	_	929		(2,568)		2,641		16,269		
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:																
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		5		_	_	_		_		44		_		49		
Due to the City of Oakland		908		_	1,437	72		18		127		_		2,562		
Deposits and other liabilities		2		_	1	_		26				13		42		
Total liabilities		915		_	1,438	72		44		171		13		2,653		
NET POSITION																
Restricted for redevelopment	\$	5,519	\$	3,526	\$ 174	\$ 3,623	\$	885	\$	(2,739)	\$	2,628	\$	13,616		

(A Fiduciary Fund of the City of Oakland, California)
Combining Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position for Capital Project Sub-Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024
(In Thousands)

	Central District	Coliseum	Central City East	Low and Moderate Housing	Broadway MacArthur San Pablo	Oakland Army Base	Other Projects	Total Capital Project Funds	
ADDITIONS									
Investment income:									
Interest on investments	\$ 86	\$ 121	\$ 64	\$ 174	\$ 4	(102)	\$ 82	\$ 429	
Net change in fair value of investments	_	1	_	_	_	_	(1)	_	
Other	819							819	
Total additions	905	122	64	174	4	(102)	81	1,248	
DEDUCTIONS									
General and administrative:									
Salaries, wages and benefits	596	_	_	_	27	_	_	623	
Material, supplies and other services	55	_	_	_	3	_	_	58	
Project expenses	154	2	2	_	3	_	_	161	
Transfer of excess tax allocation bond proceeds to the City, approved by the California Department of Finance	475			72				547	
Total deductions	1,280	2	2	72	33			1,389	
Net increase (decrease) before other financing sources (uses)	(375)	120	62	102	(29)	(102)	81	(141)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in	642	_	_	_	41	_	_	683	
Transfers out	(80)							(80)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	562				41			603	
Change in net position	187	120	62	102	12	(102)	81	462	
Net position, beginning of year	5,332	3,406	112	3,521	873	(2,637)	2,547	13,154	
Net position, end of year	\$ 5,519	\$ 3,526	\$ 174	\$ 3,623	\$ 885	\$ (2,739)	\$ 2,628	\$ 13,616	



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Directors Oakland Redevelopment Successor Agency Oakland, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the Oakland Redevelopment Successor Agency (Agency), a fiduciary fund of the City Oakland, California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 13, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Agency's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Agency's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Walnut Creek, California December 13, 2024

Macias Gini & O'Connell LAP