# DOWNTOWN OAKLAND SPECIFIC PLAN

STATUS REPORT ON THE ZONING INCENTIVE PROGRAM ECONOMIC STUDY

NOVEMBER 6, 2019





**REAL ESTATE ECONOMICS** 

PUBLIC FINANCE

LAND USE & TRANSPORTATION

**ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT & REVITALIZATION** 

FISCAL & ECONOMIC IMPACT ANALYSIS

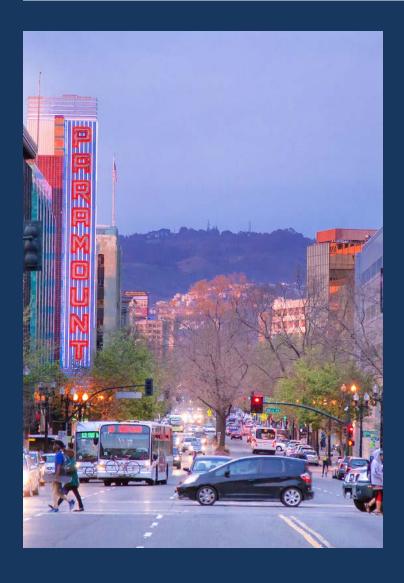
**HOUSING POLICY** 

PUBLIC PRIVATE PARTNERSHIPS (P3)

PARKS & OPEN SPACE ECONOMICS



## **AGENDA**



- 1. Study Background
- 2. Zoning Incentive Case Studies
- 3. Development Prototypes
- 4. Q&A / Discussion

Economic & Planning Systems EPS PPT Presentation | 2

## STUDY BACKGROUND

### SCOPE OF WORK

- **Zoning Incentive Case Studies**
- **Market Assessment**
- **Development Prototypes**
- Financial Feasibility Analysis
- Incentives Valuation Estimates
- Stakeholder Outreach
- Program Recommendations
- Implementation Advisory



### NEXT STEPS

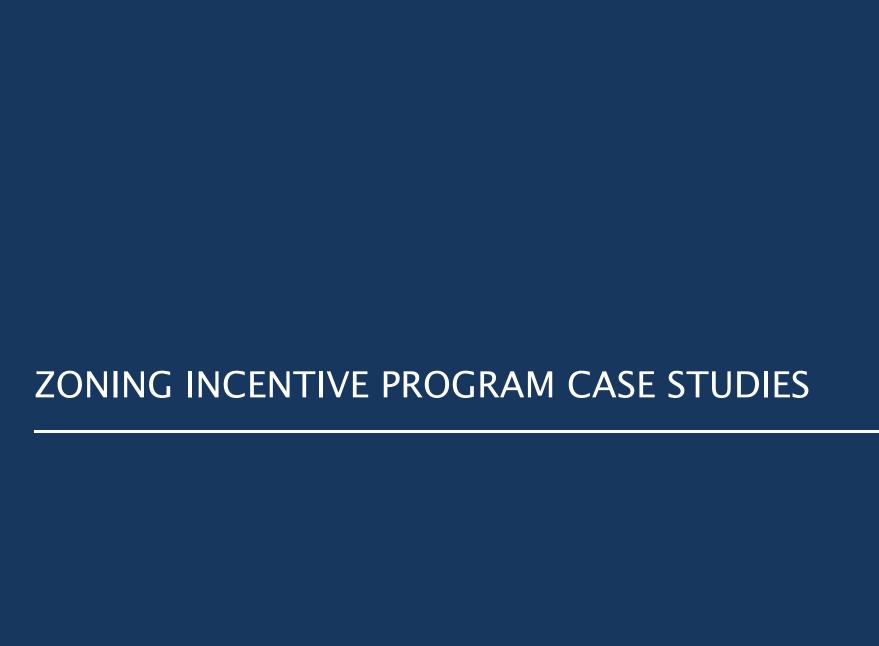
Early November Draft Feasibility Estimates

Mid November **EPS Coordination with Staff** 

**EPS** Revisions Mid November

Draft Results for Public November 20th

CAG meeting December 5<sup>th</sup>



### POLICY CONSIDERATIONS

#### **Formulaic**

Specific development incentives are exchanged for pre-defined community benefits

- Pros:
  - More certainty
  - Lower administrative cost
- Cons:
  - Cannot respond to unique project challenges
  - Not responsive to fast-changing market conditions

#### **Hybrid**

Benefits are formulaic for certain categories or projects, but negotiation also is possible in some cases

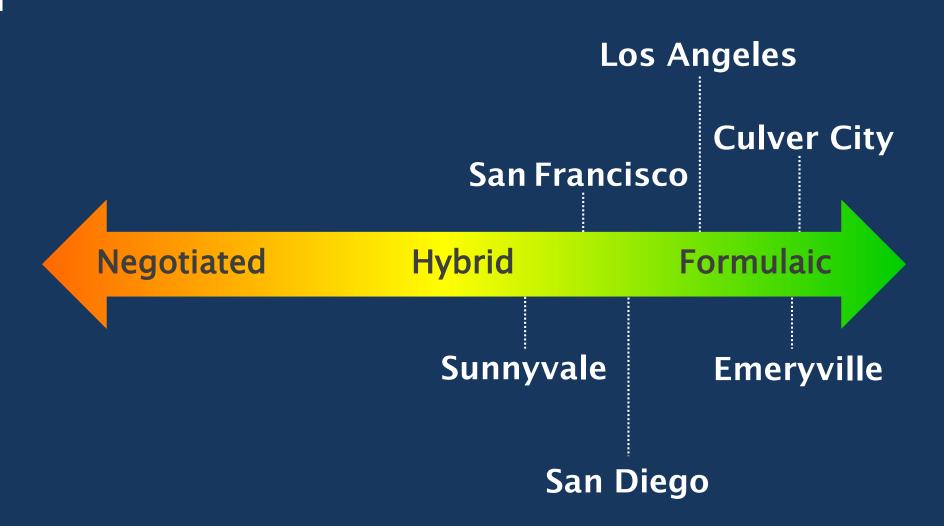
- Pros:
  - Some ability to respond to market conditions
  - More certainty in some cases
- Cons:
  - -Can be costly to administer

#### **Negotiated**

Benefits are agreed upon between the municipality and the project proponent.

- Pros:
  - -Flexibility to change requirements
- Cons:
  - -Costly to administer
  - -Risk factor for development
  - -Often not practical for smaller projects

### INCENTIVE PROGRAM CASE STUDIES



### CITY OF SAN DIEGO



The City of San Diego Downtown Plan offers a **formulaic** Floor Area Ratio Bonus Program with clearly defined incentives:

Benefit Category	<u>Projects/Share</u>	Benefit Value
FAR Payment	16 / 19%	Over \$10 million generated for public parks
Green Building	16 / 19%	Construction of more sustainable buildings
Eco-Roof	12 / 14%	Landscaped roofs (bio-filtration and cooling)
Affordable Housing	14 / 16%	Production of 377 affordable DU
Three-Bedroom Units	10 / 12%	Production of 242 3-BR DU
Urban Open Space	5 / 6%	Production of 5 open spaces areas
Employment Use	1 / 1%	Sempra Building
Public Parking	1 / 1%	200 public spaces

Economic & Planning Systems EPS PPT Presentation | 9

### CITY OF SAN FRANCISCO



San Francisco offers density bonuses through three different optional programs:

#### **HOME-SF**

- Tiered density bonuses for mixed-income projects that set aside
  20 to 30 percent of units for low, middle and moderate-income families
- Focuses on familyfriendly housing in neighborhood commercial and transit corridors

#### 100% Affordable Housing Bonus Program (AHBP)

- Offers additional height and density to developers who build projects solely for low and very-low income households
- Less stringent eligibility requirements than HOME-SF

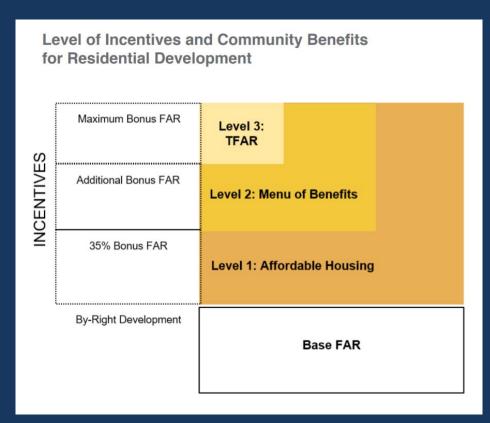
# Analyzed State Density Bonus

- Affords up to a 35% increase in density
- Includes a set menu of concessions, incentives, and waivers that project sponsors may choose to help achieve their bonus
- Provides a middle ground between State and City bonus

### CITY OF LOS ANGELES

#### Transfer of Floor Area Rights (TFAR) Program

- Established in 1975
- Relieves market pressure on low and medium rise historic buildings by permanently removing their development potential
- Allows designated sending sites to sell/transfer their unused floor area rights to eligible receiving sites
- Receiving sites must provide a Public Benefit **Payment**



Only projects located in the TFAR area have the option to utilize the TFAR program under Level 3

## **DEVELOPMENT PROTOTYPES**

## DOWNTOWN OAKLAND SUBAREAS

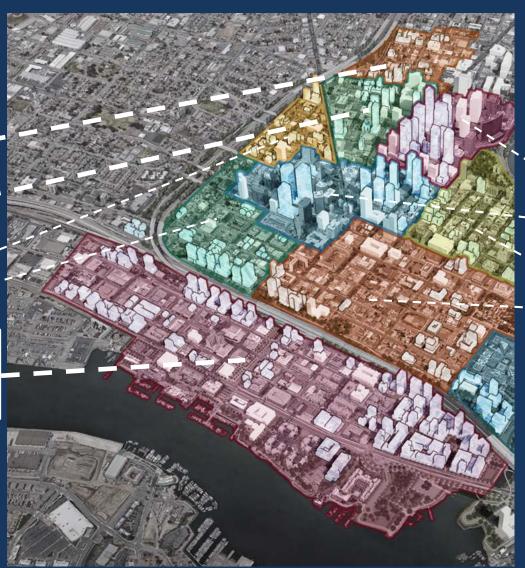
KONO

Uptown

West of San Pablo

Old Oakland

Jack London/ **Victory Court** 



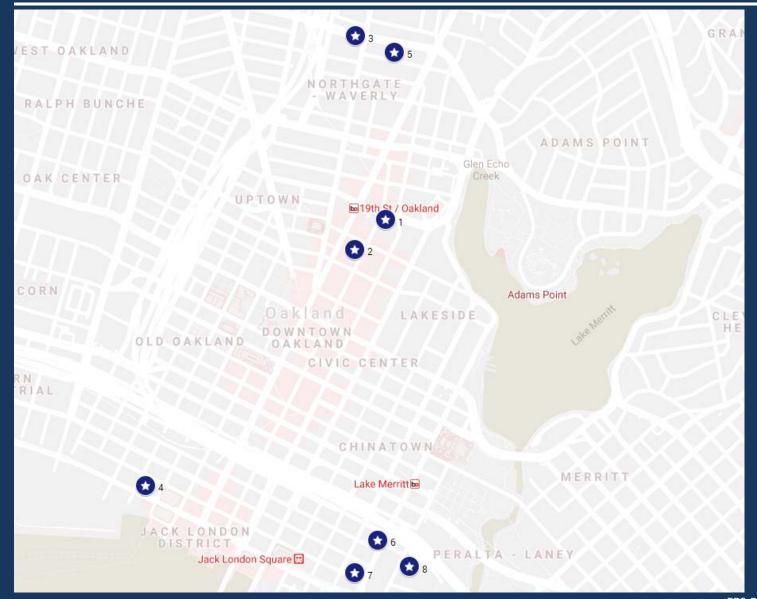
**Lake Merritt** 

- - Central Core

Lakeside

Chinatown

## PROTOTYPES MAP



### REAL ESTATE DEVELOPMENT TYPES AND DENSITIES

Type III or V



Type I



- Type III or V: Wood frame construction over concrete podium, up to 5–7 stories
- Type I: Steel frame construction common for high rise development, up to 40 stories
- Both projects are currently under construction in the City's Broadway Valdez area.

## OFFICE DEVELOPMENT PROTOTYPES

Prototype Characteristic	Prototype 1	Prototype 2
Neighborhood / Zone	Uptown / CBD	Uptown / CBD
Lot Size	1.26 Acres	1.03 Acres
Base Zoning Allowance	1.09 MSF	0.89 MSF
Up-zoning	1.64 MSF	1.34 MSF
Bonus Square Footage	0.55 MSF	0.45 MSF
Bonus Percentage	50%	50%
Base Construction Type	Type I	Type I
Up-zoning Construction Type	Type I	Type I



## RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT PROTOTYPES

<u>Characteristic</u>	Prototype 3	Prototype 4	Prototype 5
Neighborhood / Zone	KONO / RU-4	Jack London / C45/S-4	KONO / CC-2
Lot Size	1.79 Acres	1.38 Acres	0.40 Acres
Base Zoning Allowance	268 KSF	78 KSF	42 KSF
Up-zoning	733 KSF	563 KSF	90 KSF
Bonus Square Footage	465 KSF	485 KSF	48 KSF
Bonus Percentage	174%	622%	116%
Base Type	Type III	Type V	Type III
Up-zoning Type	Type I	Type I	Type I





## OFFICE TO RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT PROTOTYPES (WITH EXISTING INDUSTRIAL USES)

<u>Characteristic</u>	Prototype 6	Prototype 7	Prototype 8
Neighborhood / Zone	Jack London / M-20/S- 4	Jack London / M-20/S- 4	Victory Ct./ M-20/S-4
Lot Size	1.26 Acres	0.77 Acres	1.61 Acres
Base Zoning Allowance	275 KSF	169 KSF	351 KSF
Up-zoning	628 KSF	317 KSF	827 KSF
Bonus Square Footage	353 KSF	148 KSF	476 KSF
Bonus Percentage	128%	88%	136%
Base Type	Type III	Type III	Type III
Up-zoning Type	Type I	Type I	Type I

JACK LONDON Jack London Square



## **DISCUSSION**